Centre for Entrepreneurial Management and Innovation **Australia's Leading Co-operative and Mutual Enterprises in 2023**





Australia's Leading Co-operative and Mutual Enterprises in 2023



Paper prepared by the UWA Co-operative Enterprise Research Unit

CEMI Discussion Paper 2301

Tim Mazzarol

Consulting

Research

Training

Support

Centre for Entrepreneurial Management and Innovation

Phone: +618 6488-3981 Fax: +618 6488-1072

Email: tim.mazzarol@cemi.com.au

General Inquiries:

Email: tim.mazzarol@cemi.com.au

Website: www.cemi.com.au

CEMI Discussion Paper Series

ISSN 1448-2541

Discussion Paper 2301

© Copyright Tim Mazzarol, 2023

Discussion Papers should not be reproduced without attribution to the author(s) as the source of the material. Attribution for this paper should be:

Mazzarol, T. (2023) *Australia's Leading Co-operative and Mutual Enterprises in 2023*, CEMI Discussion Paper Series, DP 2301, www.cemi.com.au Centre for Entrepreneurial Management and Innovation.

NOTE:

This paper has been prepared in conjunction with the UWA Co-operative Enterprise Research Unit (CERU) http://www.business.uwa.edu.au/research/co-operative-enterprise-research-unit for the Business Council of Co-operatives and Mutuals (BCCM) http://bccm.coop

CONTENTS

Abstract	4
Introduction	4
Definitions	5
How many CMEs in Australia?	5
Distribution of CMEs by sector, state and territory	5
Active and inactive CMEs	6
Mergers and acquisitions within the financial mutuals and super funds	8
Co-operatives that remain uncertain over their activity	9
Which are the leading CMEs in Australia?	9
The Top 100 CMEs by Turnover	9
Top 100 CME by Assets	10
Top 100 CMEs by Membership	10
Geographic Distribution of the Top 100 CMEs	10
Distribution of the Top 100 CMEs by Industry	12
Financial Performance of Top 100 CMEs	12
Financial Performance of the Member Owned Super Funds	15
The contribution of the CME sector to the Australian economy	20
Membership and employment	21
Boards of directors	21
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander CMEs	21
Summary and conclusions	23
References	24
Appendix A: Top 100 CME by Annual Turnover for FY2021/22	27
Appendix B: Member Owned Superannuation Funds FY2021/22	30
Appendix C: Top 100 Australian CME by Assets FY2021/22	31
Appendix D: Top 100 Australian CME by Membership FY2021/22	34

Tim Mazzarol, University of Western Australia (tim.mazzarol@uwa.edu.au)

ABSTRACT

This paper reports on a research study that maps the size and structure of the Co-operative and Mutual enterprise (CME) sector in Australia. The Australian CME Index (ACMEI) is a longitudinal study that can provide a better understanding of these firms and their economic and social contribution to the national economy. This year the study found a total of 1,848 active CMEs of which 81% were co-operatives, 16% mutual enterprises, 2% were friendly societies and 1.5% were member-owned superannuation funds. These firms had a combined active membership base of more than 33.3 million memberships¹, managed over \$1,469 billion in assets, and employed at least 76,806 people. They encompassed a wide range of industry sectors and provided significant economic and social benefits to their members.

Key words: co-operatives, mutual enterprises, Australia, Top 100.

Introduction

This is the tenth annual report on the Australian Co-operative and Mutual Enterprise (CME) sector and draws on the findings of the previous studies by way of comparison (Mazzarol *et al.*, 2014; 2015; 2016; 2017; Mazzarol, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022). The study is part of a long-term project, the Australian Co-operative, and Mutual Enterprise Index (ACMEI), with the goal of developing a comprehensive understanding of the size, characteristics, and impact of the CME sector on the Australian economy and society. This work is undertaken in conjunction with the Business Council for Co-operatives and Mutuals (BCCM).

SUMMARY

There are at least 1,848 active CMEs in Australia.

This includes 1,491 co-operatives; 293 mutual enterprises, 36 friendly societies and 28 member-owned super funds.

Their combined gross annual turnover declined by more than \$2.6 billion.

Their combined gross assets under management are greater than \$1,469 billion.

Their combined active membership is over 33.3 million memberships.

They employed more than 76,806 people.

¹ The term "memberships" refers to multiple memberships held by both individuals and organisations within these member-owned and focused enterprises.

DEFINITIONS

An important starting point in understanding the CME sector is to define these enterprises. The following list of definitions provides a guide to what is a relatively poorly defined sector:

- A co-operative is an autonomous association of persons united voluntarily to meet their common economic, social, and cultural needs and aspirations through a jointly-owned and democratically controlled enterprise (ICA, 2019).
- A mutual is a private company registered with the Corporations Act 2001 (Cwth), that has a constitution
 providing for no more than one-member-one-vote at a general meeting and has constitutional
 provisions to preserve voting democracy (AustLII, 2019).
- A member-owned business organisation is one that is owned and controlled by its members who are
 drawn from one (or more) of three types of stakeholders consumers, producers, and employees –
 and whose benefits go mainly to these members (Birchall 2011 p. 3).
- A co-operative or mutual enterprise (CME) is a member-owned organisation with five or more active
 members and one or more economic or social purposes. Governance is democratic and based on
 sharing, democracy, and delegation for the benefit of all its members (Mazzarol et. al. 2018).

HOW MANY CMES IN AUSTRALIA?

Accurate measurement of the total number of CMEs in Australia is complicated by several factors. In the case of the co-operatives, these enterprises are legally registered across a wide range of different state, territory, and federal jurisdictions. They include the state and territory registries for those co-operatives registered under the respective state and territory Co-operative Acts, as well as those co-operatives that are registered as public companies with the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC), but which operate under their constitutions as co-operatives.

They also include the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission (ACNC), the Office of the Registrar of Indigenous Corporations (ORIC), Australian Business Number (ABN) and the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority (APRA). There is no single repository into which all such enterprises are recorded and as most CMEs are small, operate under different trading names, and have no online visibility, the process of tracking them becomes challenging. Further, many don't publicly identify as CMEs, operating under trading names that are different from their company name, or under names that don't identify them as a "co-operative" or "mutual" enterprise. Further, the recent revision of the *Corporation Act* in 2019, which formally defined the term "mutual" has significantly increased the number of CMEs. For example, there are around 11,700 companies limited by guarantee registered in Australia, most of which would be legally mutual entities (Mazzarol, 2019).

Many CMEs are headquartered in one state or territory but operate across the country. In the case of many of the co-operatives, this requires them to register multiple times with the respective state and territory registries, even when they are operating under the *Co-operatives National Law* (CNL). This can create some confusion over whether there are multiple separate co-operatives or just one enterprise operating across multiple jurisdictions.

DISTRIBUTION OF CMES BY SECTOR, STATE AND TERRITORY

Table 1 lists the active CMEs by industry type and geographic location. As in past years, most firms are located or headquartered in New South Wales (NSW) with around 41.4% of the total. Victoria (VIC) has the second largest concentration with 32.1%, followed by Queensland (QLD) (11%), Western Australia (WA) (5.8%), South Australia (SA) (5.3%), Tasmania (TAS) (1.4%), the Northern Territory (NT) (1.7%), and finally the Australian Capital Territory (ACT) (1.3%).

As shown in Table 1 there is a wide distribution of CMEs across the industry sectors. The most substantial concentrations are found in housing (13.3%), sport and recreation (12.6%), community services (8.9%), medical services (8.8%), agribusiness (8.1%), and education, training, and childcare (6.1%).

TABLE 1: AUSTRALIAN CO-OPERATIVE AND MUTUAL ENTERPRISES BY SECTOR, STATE AND TERRITORY¹

State/Territory	ACT	NSW	NT	QLD	SA	TAS	VIC	WA	Total	%Total
Accommodation		11		3	6		8		28	1.5%
Agribusiness		40	1	39	17	3	31	18	149	8.1%
Arts & Culture	1	36		13	1	2	21	4	78	4.3%
Business Services	1	12		1	3		13	3	33	1.8%
Community Services	1	91	1	23	6		38	2	162	8.9%
Education, Training, Childcare	1	23		3			81	4	112	6.1%
Employment Services	1	6		4		1	6	1	19	1.0%
Environmental	1	11		3	1	1	13	1	31	1.7%
Banking & Financial Services	1	52	1	10	9	2	31	6	112	6.1%
Fishing		16		1	3		4	1	25	1.4%
Health Insurance		9		1	2	2	4	2	20	1.1%
Health Services	1	3		9	4	1	13		31	1.7%
Housing	2	54		18	22	8	133	6	243	13.3%
Information & Media		14	1				8		23	1.3%
Manufacturing	1	1				1	5	2	10	0.5%
Medical Services	4	51	24	27	12	1	24	18	161	8.8%
Motoring Services	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	9	0.5%
Professional Services		9		4			7	1	21	1.1%
Purchasing Services	1	5		1	3		3	8	21	0.3%
Religious Services		2					3		5	0.3%
Retailing	1	51	3	14	10	3	34	16	132	7.2%
Shared Services		16		6	1		7	2	32	1.7%
Sport & Recreation		171		6		1	51	1	230	12.6%
Telecommunications							2		2	0.1%
Transport Services		32			2		4	1	39	2.1%
Utilities (power, water, gas)	2	18		11	3		22	8	64	3.5%
Wholesaling		5			2	1	1		9	0.5%
Superannuation Funds	1	11		3	1		12		28	1.5%
Total	21	751	32	201	109	29	580	106	1829	100.0%
% Total	1.1%	41.1%	1.7%	11.0%	6.0%	1.6%	31.7%	5.8%	100.0%	

¹ This data is based on the best available evidence but may not represent the total CME sector.

ACTIVE AND INACTIVE CMES

As with previous years, we reviewed all the available databases (e.g., ABN, APRA, ASIC, ORIC, ACNC, state and territory registries of co-operatives) in order to identify the total size of the CME sector, and cross-checked each firm in order to confirm if it was active. In 2022 we reported a decline of 3.3% in active CMEs over the period 2019-2022 (Mazzarol, 2022). Our analysis for this year examined the reasons for inactivity and the differences for each type of CME.

As shown in Table 2, the common reason for inactivity among co-operatives was deregistration from the state or territory registries, with 43.2% of these firms being classified as inactive due to that reason. However, it should be noted that many co-operatives that are deregistered from the state and territory registries, may continue to operate as a co-operative but registered under the federal Corporations Act, 2001. The next most common reason for co-operatives was being voluntarily wound-up, with 20.9% of firms' inactivity being attributed to this reason. In these cases, there was evidence of these firms being deregistered and their ABN (Australian Business Number) being cancelled.

The most common cause of inactivity among the mutuals was a merger with another firm. This comprised 61% of the causes of inactivity among the mutuals. Investigation of these cases shows that most of these mutual firms were in the financial services (e.g., credit unions, building societies), or health insurance sectors. A similar pattern was found within the member-owned superannuation funds, where 76.5% of inactivity was caused by firms being merged with larger funds. Competition has been particularly strong within these sectors and smaller financial institutions have been merged into larger ones as a strategy to protect the best interests of their members. By contrast the friendly societies inactivity has a wider range of causes, which reflects their relative diversity across financial, pharmaceutical, and health services areas. Figure 1 summarises the proportion of each cause of inactivity attributed across the entire population of inactive CMEs.

	THE ET REAGONS FOR MARKET BY THE OT CIME							
	Co-operatives	Mutuals	Friendly Societies	Member-Owned Super Funds	Total			
No reason given	77	3	3	2	85			
Liquidated	31	1	2		34			
Demutualised	32	3	4		39			
Merged	4	36	1	13	54			
Acquired	5	4	2	1	12			
Wind-Up	159	2	3		164			
ABN Cancelled	69	2			71			
Deregistered	329	3	1		333			
Duplicate ¹	56	5	1	1	63			
Total	762	59	17	17	855			

TABLE 2: REASONS FOR INACTIVITY - BY TYPE OF CME

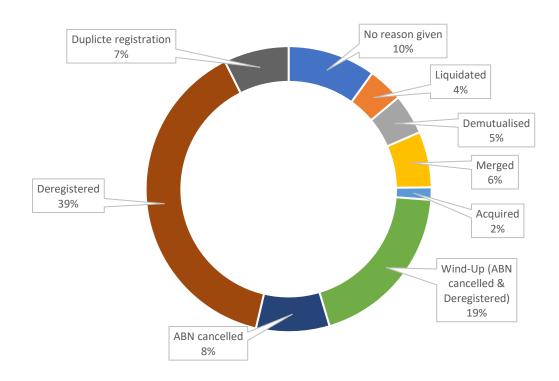


Figure 1: Reasons for CME Inactivity

¹ This duplication is caused by firms being registered in multiple jurisdictions – a common issue for co-operatives.

MERGERS AND ACQUISITIONS WITHIN THE FINANCIAL MUTUALS AND SUPER FUNDS

An examination of the causes of inactivity within the financial services mutuals and member-owned superannuation funds highlights the large number of mergers and acquisitions that have taken place over recent years. As shown in Table 3, there has been a steady flow of mergers and acquisitions across these sectors. In the case of the member-owned superannuation funds, these mergers reflect the need for these smaller funds to grow larger via merger in order to provide their members with the necessary financial resources to ensure the security of their long-term retirement plans. Within the banking sector similar mergers have also taken place in a similar quest to secure sufficient scale to maintain competitiveness and member benefits. These issues are discussed later in this report.

TABLE 3: MERGERS AND ACQUISITIONS IN FINANCIAL SERVICES CMES

Member-Owned Super Funds, Credit Unions, Co-operatives & Friendly Societies

Member-owned Super Funds:

2015 - Quadrant Super merged with Tasplan.

2017 - Kinetic Super merged with Sunsuper.

2018 - Concept One Super merged with WA Super. 2019 - QIEC Super merged with NGS Super.

2020 – VicSuper and First State Super merged to form Aware Super, with WA Super also merging with Aware Super.

2021 – Victorian Independent Schools Superannuation Fund (VISSF) merged with Aware Super. Intrust Super Fund merged with Hostplus. Catholic Superannuation Fund merged with Equip Super. Tasplan merged with MTAA Super to form Spirit Super.

2022 – Statewide Super merged with Hostplus. LUCRF Super merged with Australian Super. Media Super merged with Cbus Super. Christian Super merged with Australian Ethical Super.

Credit Unions, Co-operatives & Friendly Societies

2003 – Catalyst Money (Community Alliance Credit Union Ltd.) merged with Illawarra Credit Union Ltd. Illawarra Credit Union (merged with Unicom Credit Union Ltd. to form Community Alliance Credit Union Ltd.

2010 - Reliance Bank merged with Unity Bank.

2011 – Western City Credit Union merged with Community Alliance Credit.

2013 – Fitzroy & Carlton Community Credit Co-operatives Ltd. merged with Bank Australia.

2015 – Manly Warringah Credit Union (Northern Beaches Credit Union) merged with Community First Credit Union. Queensland Professional Credit Union Ltd. merged with Auswide Bank and demutualised.

2016 – Country First Credit Union merged with Beyond Bank. Fire Brigades Employees' Credit Union Ltd. merged with Teachers' Mutual Bank. QT Mutual Bank (QTMB) merger with RACQ Bank. Shell Employees' Credit Union Ltd. merged with Mining & Power Credit Union Ltd. (MPCU). Sutherland Credit Union Ltd. merged with IMB Bank. Transcomm Credit Co-operative Ltd., acquired by MyLifeMyMoney.

2017 – Endeavour Mutual Bank merged with Encompass Credit Union to form Select Encompass. ECU Ltd. merged with QCCU. ENCOMPASS Credit Union Ltd. merged with Select Credit Union to form Select Encompass Credit Union Ltd. My Credit Union merged with Beyond Bank. Bankstown City Credit Union Ltd. acquired by Unity Bank.

2018 – Gympie Credit Union merged with Warwick Credit Union. Big Sky Credit Union acquired by Australian Unity. CAPE Credit Union merged with First CU. Bank of Heritage Island (Heritage Island Credit Union) merged with Police Bank. Queenslanders Credit Union Ltd. merged with Queensland Country Credit Union Ltd. to form the Queensland Country Bank. Comtax Credit Union Ltd. merged with Sydney Credit Union, (renamed Australian Mutual Bank, 2019). Border Bank (formerly Customs Bank) becomes a division of Police Bank. Central Coast Credit Union acquired by Unity Bank.

2019 – Holiday Coast Credit Union merged with Regional Bank Australia. Latvian Australian Credit Co-operative Society Ltd. merged with Dnister Ukrainian Credit Co-operative Ltd. Banana Coast Credit Union merged with P&N Bank.

2020 – EECU Ltd (Nexus Mutual) merged with Beyond Bank. Hunter United Employees Credit Union Ltd. merged with IMB Bank. Maleny Credit Union (MCU) merged with Queensland Country Bank.

2021 – Firefighters & Affiliates Credit Co-op Ltd. merged with Teachers Mutual Bank. Lysaght Credit Union Ltd. merged with Horizon Credit Union.

2022 – South-West Credit Union Co-operative Ltd. merged with Beyond Bank. Australian Friend Society merged with Keylnvest. Pulse Credit Union Ltd. merged with Teachers' Mutual Bank Ltd.

CO-OPERATIVES THAT REMAIN UNCERTAIN OVER THEIR ACTIVITY

Within the total pool of 1,491 co-operatives identified as active in this year's report 19 were found to be registered with their respective state or territory registries, but there were questions over their operational activity. Available information suggested that 26% had been liquidated, 47% had cancelled their ABN, 10.5% had demutualised, and 16% had been wound up. Although there was evidence of these firms potentially being inactive they remained registered within their state or territory jurisdictions. Due to this uncertainty over their activity, it was decided to retain them in the active database for this year and wait to see if the state and territory registrars remove them in the future.

WHICH ARE THE LEADING CMES IN AUSTRALIA?

Since 2010 there has been a "Top 100" league table developed for the CME sector. This initially focused only on the co-operatives (e.g., CA, 2010; 2011; 2012). However, from 2014 the ACMEI database has been providing the foundation data for the annual National Mutual Economy Report (BCCM, 2014; 2015; 2016; 2017; 2018; 2019; 2020; 2021; 2022) a league table of the Top 100 CMEs by annual turnover has been prepared. This provides a ranking of the largest firms by financial turnover and is consistent with the Top 100 largest co-operatives reporting that existed prior to the development of the ACMEI-NME study. The key measures used in this assessment are annual turnover, assets, and membership. All figures are taken from the FY 2021/2022 period.

THE TOP 100 CMEs BY TURNOVER

One measure of assessing leadership in a business sector is the gross annual turnover of the firms that operate within it. This is how the Top 100 of CMEs has been traditionally calculated and for the 2023 report we have taken the gross turnover for FY2021/22 and drawn the largest firms by size of revenue. The reason for taking the data from FY2021/22 is that many firms did not have their FY2022/23 data available at the time this report was being complied. A further reason is that many CMEs in the sector report their figures for the calendar year rather than the financial year, and others don't issue annual financial reports until late in the year.

It should be noted that we deliberately excluded the member owned superannuation funds from the Top 100 CMEs due to their size from an annual turnover and assets perspective. These businesses have been listed separately in Appendix B.

Appendix A lists the Top 100 CME by gross annual turnover for FY2021/22. It comprises 26 co-operatives, 70 mutual enterprises and 4 friendly societies.

The top 10 CMEs by annual turnover for 2023 were:

- 1. Co-operative Bulk Handling Ltd (CBH Group) [WA] \$6.23 billion.
- 2. Hospital Contribution Fund (HCF) [NSW] \$3.52 billion.
- 3. Capricorn Society Ltd [WA] \$2.93 billion.
- 4. RACQ [QLD] \$2.05 billion.
- 5. HBF Health Ltd [WA] \$1.86 billion.
- 6. Australian Unity [VIC] \$1.36 billion.
- 7. RAC WA [WA] \$1.23 billion.
- 8. Teachers Health Fund [NSW] \$863.9 million.
- 9. RACV [VIC] \$699.7 million.
- 10. Norco Co-operative Ltd. [NSW] \$652 billion.

The largest firm by turnover was the WA-based grains storage, handling, and marketing business Co-operative Bulk Handling Ltd (CBH Group), which has held the top ranking for Australia's largest non-superannuation fund

CME for the past 13 years. As shown above, the NSW mutual health insurance fund HCF followed in second place, with the remainder of the top 10 comprising firms from WA, Queensland, Victoria, and NSW from the automotive sector (Capricorn Society), motoring associations (RACQ, RACWA and RACV), and health insurance funds (HBF, Australian Unity, Teachers Health Fund), and the dairy sector (Norco).

TOP 100 CME BY ASSETS

When ranked by total assets held (current and non-current assets), the mutual enterprises operating in the banking and finance sector topped the list. Appendix C lists the top 100 CMEs by assets, liabilities, and equity. The Top 10 CMEs by assets were:

- 1. Credit Union Australia (CUA) [QLD] \$17.86 billion.
- 2. Newcastle Permanent [NSW] \$13.94 billion.
- 3. Heritage Bank Ltd [QLD] \$12.32 billion.
- 4. People's Choice Credit Union (Australian Central CU) [SA] \$10.45 billion.
- 5. Teachers Mutual Bank Ltd [NSW] \$10.44 billion.
- 6. Bank Australia [VIC] \$9.67 billion.
- 7. Greater Bank [NSW] \$8.39 billion.
- 8. Beyond Bank [SA] \$8.29 billion.
- 9. Australian Unity [VIC] \$75.54 billion.
- 10. P&N Bank [WA] \$6.93 billion.

TOP 100 CMES BY MEMBERSHIP

At time of writing there was reliable data on the membership of at least 333 CMEs. The Top 100 (incorporating the member owned superannuation funds are listed in Appendix C. As shown below the Top 10 were:

- 1. Australian Super [VIC] 2.88 million memberships.
- 2. NRMA [NSW] 2.77 million memberships.
- 3. RACV [VIC] 2.18 million members.
- 4. Sunsuper [QLD] 2.10 million memberships.
- 5. Retail Employees' Superannuation Fund (REST) [NSW] 1.92 million memberships.
- 6. Hospital Contribution Fund (HCF) [NSW] 1.88 million memberships.
- 7. RACQ [QLD] 1.76 million memberships.
- 8. HOSTPLUS [VIC] 1.60 million memberships.
- 9. RAC WA [WA] 1.20 million memberships.
- 10. Aware Super [NSW] 1.15 million memberships.

GEOGRAPHIC DISTRIBUTION OF THE TOP 100 CMES

The largest proportion (40%) of CMEs in the Top 100 was headquartered in NSW. This is not surprising as NSW has the greatest number of CME of all kinds. The other states and territories accounted for the remainder as follows: Victoria 18%, South Australia 12%, Western Australia 12%, Queensland 10%, Tasmania 4%, and the Northern Territory 3%. Figure 2 illustrates the distribution of the Top 100 by State and Territory.

Figure 3 illustrates the breakdown of collective turnover for the FY2021/22 by State and Territory. Despite having only 12% of the Top 100 CMEs, WA accounted for 36% of the combined turnover, whereas NSW with 40% of the businesses accounted for 32% of total turnover. This reflects the presence in WA of several large CMEs, including the CBH Group, HBF Health Ltd, Capricorn Society Ltd and the RACWA.

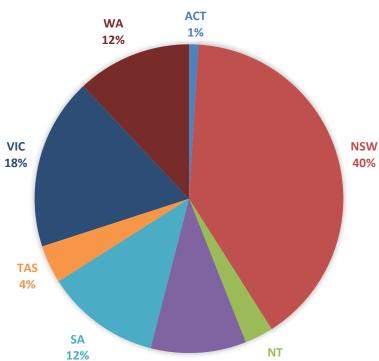


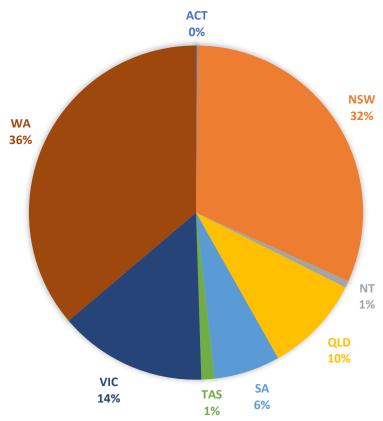
FIGURE 2: TOP 100 CME DISTRIBUTION BY STATE AND TERRITORY



QLD

10%

3%



DISTRIBUTION OF THE TOP 100 CMES BY INDUSTRY

Figure 4 shows the distribution of the Top 100 CMEs by industry. These firms represent a wide range of industry sectors although the largest concentration (37%) was found within the financial services sector. This includes the customer owned banks, credit unions, friendly societies and building societies. The second largest concentration (16%) was in private health insurance (PHI), where there were many PHI mutual funds. The third largest concentration (12%) was in the agribusiness sector. Here were a mixture of producer co-operatives encompassing storage, handling, and processing of grains, milk, meat, fruit, berries, nuts, sugar, and cotton. The remaining sectors include only a few CMEs, encompassing the motoring services automobile clubs, retailing co-operatives, medical services co-operatives, and purchasing services co-operatives.

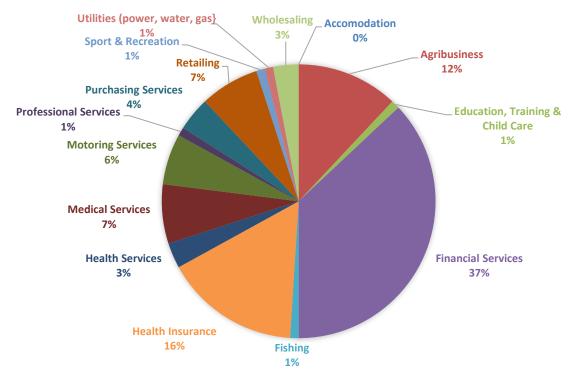


FIGURE 4: TOP 100 CME TURNOVER BY INDUSTRY SECTOR

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE OF TOP 100 CMES

The combined annual turnover for the Top 100 Australian CMEs (excluding the member owned superannuation funds) for FY2021/22 was \$37.76 billion with combined assets of around \$191.7 billion. Table 4 provides a summary of the financial performance of the Top 100 CMEs over the past five financial years. As shown, annual gross turnover grew by an average annual growth rate (AAGR) of 6.6% over the five years from FY2017/18 to FY2021/22, while gross assets grew at an average annual rate of 8.1% over the same period.

The median AAGR over the five years grew at a rate of 4.1%, which is a significant improvement on the trend recorded in the 2022 ACMEI report (Mazzarol, 2022). It reflects the recovery of the Australian economy from the economic challenges faced by the COVID-19 pandemic, which lasted from FY2019/20 through to FY2020/21. Profitability was strong with a median AAGR of 27.1% EBIT, and 16.4% NPAT, which was less than that found in the 2022 ACMEI report, but reflects rising costs caused by global events. Asset growth was modest with a median AAGR of 3.3%, with liabilities much higher than last year at a median AAGR of 10%, and equity growth a median AAGR of 2.1%. These results follow a similar trend to those of last year's report in relation to gross turnover and assets growth but indicate a stronger growth in median AAGR in turnover, similar median AAGR in EBIT, but reduced median AAGR in NPAT. The major change was a rise of 6.6% median AAGR in liabilities.

	FY2021/22	FY2020/21	FY2019/20	FY2018/19	FY2017/18	AAGR %³
Annual Turnover (gross)	\$37,765,007,768	\$34,062,480,803	\$30,705,689,369	\$32,265,695,395	\$29,533,560,774	6.6
Assets (gross)	\$191,696,971,177	\$178,791,586,291	\$165,043,225,716	\$149,899,960,287	\$140,359,093,711	8.1
Annual Turnover (median)	\$155,756,138	\$137,910,000.00	\$132,906,697.00	\$129,982,086.00	\$133,642,271.00	4.1
EBIT¹ (median)	\$4,244,343	\$8,525,000	\$2,825,220	\$5,845,000	\$5,385,000	27.1
NPAT² (median)	\$3,947,383	\$6,825,019	\$2,784,631	\$5,072,000	\$4,711,000	16.4
Assets (median)	\$336,776,107	\$247,845,000	\$381,504,000	\$331,684,000	\$340,872,500	3.3
Liabilities (median)	\$204,730,000	\$144,945,000	\$173,377,000	\$136,180,000	\$155,206,000	10.0
Equity (median)	\$107,137,178	\$101,970,545	\$116,528,000	\$95,783,000	\$100,744,000	2.3

TABLE 4: TOP 100 AUSTRALIAN CMES FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FY2017/18-FY2021/22

Figures 5 and 6 illustrate the trend in gross annual turnover and assets (Figure 5) and median AAGR growth in turnover, assets, EBIT, NPAT, liabilities and equity (Figure 6). As illustrated in Figure 5, the five-year trend was generally positive in terms of the growth in total assets and gross annual turnover.

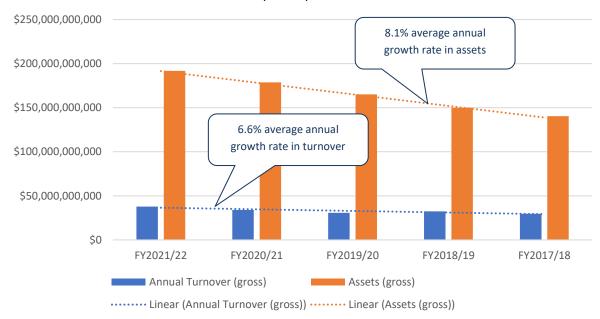


FIGURE 5: TOP 100 CME ANNUAL (GROSS) TURNOVER AND ASSETS FIVE YEAR TREND

Figure 5 illustrates the five-year AAGR growth for the key financial indicators for the Top 100 CMEs. With the worst of the COVID-19 pandemic lock downs easing over the course of FY2021/22 both in Australia and overseas, the AAGR for gross turnover and assets followed a similar trend to last year.

As Figure 6 shows, the median EBIT and NPAT (profitability measures) fell significantly during FY2019/20, impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic, but rose strongly during FY2020/21, only to decline strongly in FY2021/22. Although assets rose strongly in FY2021/22 after a significant decline in FY2020/21, liabilities rose by a median 41.2% in FY2021/22, after a decline of median -16.4% in FY2020/21. This suggests a fall in profitability and rise in debt across the Top 100 CMEs, and as will be discussed later, these figures are related to specific industry sectors rather than a uniform pattern across all firms.

¹ EBIT = Earnings before interest and tax. ² NPAT = Net profit after tax. ³ AAGR = Average Annual Growth Rate.

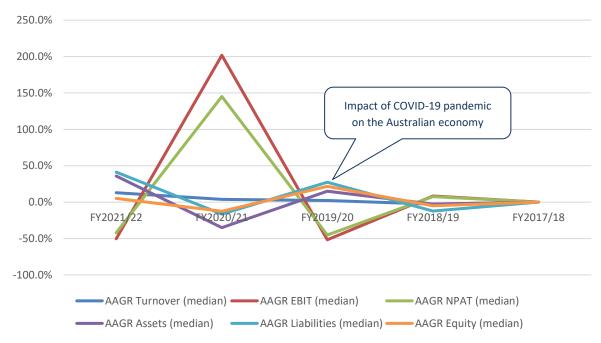


FIGURE 6: TOP 100 CME ANNUAL AVERAGE GROWTH RATES OF FINANCIAL INDICATORS FIVE YEAR TREND

Analysis of the Top 100 across four of the largest sectors, agribusiness, financial services, health insurance and motoring services was undertaken using median rather than mean scores to examine annual average trends.² The results are shown in Table 5 where the annual average median turnover across the five-year period was 11.1% for the agribusiness sector and less than 10% across the other sectors. This was a pattern also found in the previous two years' ACMEI reports (Mazzarol, 2021; 2022). However, while profitability had rebounded in the health insurance and motoring services sectors during FY2020/21, this trend declined sharply across all four sectors during FY2021/22, with agribusiness particularly affected. These issues are discussed below.

TABLE 5: ANNUAL AVERAGE MEDIAN FINANCIAL TRENDS BY SECTOR FY2017/18-FY2021/22

Sector	AAGR Turnover (median)	AAGR EBIT (median)	AAGR NPAT (median)	AAGR Assets (median)	AAGR Liabilities (median)	AAGR Equity (median)
Agribusiness	11.1%	-11.4%	-17.9%	35.6%	18.2%	14.3%
Financial Services	2.7%	0.3%	-2.9%	2.0%	3.5%	2.4%
Health Insurance	8.1%	-1.6%	-1.6%	4.9%	0.3%	2.3%
Motoring Services	7.8%	-6.5%	-7.3%	6.3%	10.7%	4.9%
Overall average four sectors	7.4%	-4.8%	-7.4%	12.2%	8.2%	5.9%
AAGR Top 100 (median)	1.2%	28.7%	16.4%	8.1%	10.0%	2.3%

The decline in profitability shown in these figures reflects the impact of a range of domestic and international forces upon these industries. For example, within the agribusiness sector annual growth rates in turnover over the past five years have been a paltry 1%, with a modest 1.4% growth in profit margins (Treisman, 2023a). The Russia-Ukraine conflict has impacted grain prices as Ukraine is a major exporter of grain, and Russia is a major exporter of fertiliser inputs, both raising the price of grain on commodity markets, and increasing the cost of fertilisers. The Australian grains sector experienced annual growth rates in turnover of 7.2% over the past five years, while also experiencing a decline of -2.5% in profitability (Jeswanth, 2022).

Centre for Entrepreneurial Management and Innovation | www.cemi.com.au

 $^{^2\,\}text{Median scores were used rather than mean scores to reduce the effects of skewed data caused by high standard deviations.}$

These trends were reflected in the cereal grains wholesaling industry, which demonstrated a modest annual growth rate in turnover of 0.5% over the period FY2017/18 to FY2021/22, and negligible growth in profit margin of 1% over the same time period (Fahey, 2022). Although grain prices have increased, input costs have risen.

Within the Customer Owned Banks, Credit Unions, and Building Societies sector the past five years has seen income impacted as a result of the Reserve Bank of Australia (RBA) cutting the cash rate to 1.0% in November 2020, which was an historic low. This triggered the spate of mergers listed in Table 3. Over the past five years annual growth in turnover within the sector declined by -10.2%, and profitability by -10.6% (Thomson, 2022). This is consistent with the trends seen in Table 5, suggesting that the financial mutuals listed within the Top 100 CMEs performed better than the industry average.

The Private Health Insurance (PHI) industry has been experiencing slow or minimal growth for many years and during the past five years annual growth in turnover declined by -0.6%, and profit by -3.0% (Martin, 2022). Major issues that have impacted the sector include falling membership and revenues caused by younger people abandoning private insurance due to rising premiums making it unaffordable. This has been influenced by rising Medicare Levy Surcharge thresholds. Revenue growth within the PHI sector has been maintained primarily by the older population. In addition, volatility and poor performance from investment markets have added to the problem. The impact of the COVID-19 pandemic also played a role due to the delays in premium rises (Martin, 2022).

In the motoring services sector (e.g., automobile associations), significant changes have been taking place as these associations expand their services into such areas as general insurance, retail funds management, banking, and hotel operations in addition to their traditional activities such as roadside assistance, driver training, member advocacy and travel services. Turnover growth over the past five years has been boosted by an increase in membership, and car ownership, although the COVID-19 pandemic negatively impacted revenue in FY2019/20 and FY2020/21 (Allday, 2022). The majority of the automobile associations operate significant general insurance businesses, and these have grown strongly over the past five years, with the increase in Australia's motor vehicle fleet contributing to this growth. However, the cost of claims has risen due to the rising complexity of cars with sophisticated technology now available in even budget priced vehicles. In addition, insurance funds are invested in fixed-income securities and equity markets, which have been affected by volatility in interest rates and investment returns (Ezhova, 2023).

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE OF THE MEMBER OWNED SUPER FUNDS

As shown in Table 6, the 28 member-owned industry superannuation funds which had seen a significant rebound in their gross annual revenue and profitability in FY2020/21 experienced a massive decline in both turnover and profit with a fall of over \$43 billion in FY2021/22 in turnover that impacted all firms, and profitability was no better. These trends were due to a variety of factors, which included the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic that saw a decline in income due to significant unemployment and underemployment caused by lockdowns. The sector, including the retail (IOF) superannuation funds, reported a loss of \$12.9 billion during FY2019/20 at the peak of the pandemic (Yeoh, 2021).

Despite a rise in revenue during FY2020/21, the sector as a whole experienced an annual decline of 10.6% over the five years from FY2017/18 to FY2021/22, with overall negative revenue growth of -234.5% for FY2021/22 (Gannon, 2022). These trends in annual turnover reflect the impact not only of the COVID-19 pandemic, but also the high volatility of national and international investment markets, and rising interest rates caused by the RBA's decision to increase the cash rate in order to subdue inflation. Nevertheless, the sector remains in good shape due to the rise in assets, which as shown in Figure 7, grew at a healthy AAGR of 17.2%. Overall, the superannuation industry holds around \$3.4 trillion in assets (Gannon, 2022). The mergers of member-owned

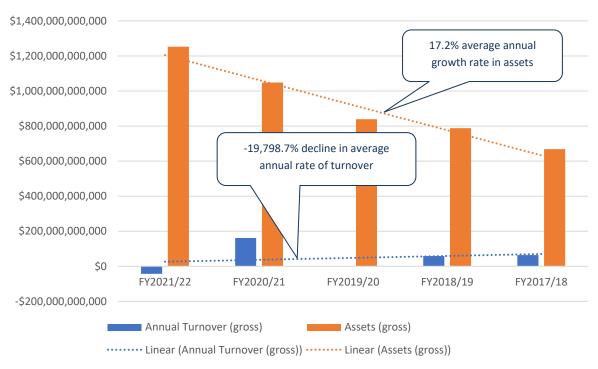
super funds (see Table 3) that occurred during the past five years were motivated by the need to secure economies of scale to lower costs.

TABLE 6: MEMBER-OWNED SUPER FUNDS FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FY2017/18-FY2021/22

	FY2021/22	FY2020/21	FY2019/20	FY2018/19	FY2017/18	AAGR%³
Annual Turnover (gross)	-\$43,032,353,247	\$161,062,415,631	-\$202,697,740	\$57,782,589,851	\$63,653,583,119	-19798.7%
Assets (gross)	\$1,253,109,388,774	\$1,048,237,720,060	\$838,542,290,195	\$787,938,831,456	\$667,762,484,610	17.2%
Annual Turnover (median)	-\$485,317,000	\$2,017,594,000	-\$13,709,803	\$756,613,000	\$896,408,500	-3604.6%
AABT ¹ (median)	-\$562,173,500	\$1,954,536,500	-\$69,181,942	\$661,183,964	\$773,796,000	-650.6%
ABAT² (median)	-\$435,742,500	\$1,790,546,000	-\$38,355,716	\$623,953,207	\$759,522,500	-1254.1%
Assets (median)	\$12,702,959,500	\$12,631,580,500	\$10,766,620,500	\$10,951,715,500	\$9,344,997,500	8.3%
Liabilities (median)	\$321,359,000	\$411,387,500	\$176,483,500	\$216,047,500	\$201,824,500	25.0%
Equity (median)	\$12,381,600,500	\$12,216,466,000	\$10,498,232,500	\$10,633,388,000	\$9,240,237,000	7.9%

¹ ABBT = allocation of benefits before tax. ² ABAT = allocation of benefits after tax. ³ AAGR % = Average Annual Growth Rate.

FIGURE 7: SUPER FUNDS' ANNUAL (GROSS) TURNOVER AND ASSETS FIVE YEAR TREND



¹The decline of -3.4% reflects the Average Annual Rate (AAGR) turnover, while the trend line reflects the overall growth rate in turnover, which saw the sector recover strongly from FY2019/20 to FY2020/21.

Although the massive declines in turnover and profitability shown in these figures seems concerning, the overall health of the Australian superannuation industry is robust. The sector holds a strong asset base, and the federal superannuation guarantee scheme will continue to rise by 0.5% until it reaches 12% by FY2025/26. This will ensure a flow of capital into the super funds, and turnover has been forecast to grow by an AAGR of 5.2% over

the five years to FY2027/28 producing annual revenue of \$165 billion and \$4 trillion in assets (Gannon, 2022). The Australian superannuation industry is forecast to be one of the largest pensions systems in the world.

OBSERVATION

As can be seen from the previous discussion, the past five years have proven volatile for the CME sector with both domestic and international events impacting revenues and profits. The impact of things such as the COVID-19 pandemic and the Russia-Ukraine conflict, have led to rising costs, disruptions to supply chains, investment market volatility, and fluctuations in interest rates. Each sector has been affected in different ways. These issues and the outlook for the next five years are discussed below.

Agribusiness

Australia's agribusiness sector comprises producers, processors, manufacturers, and wholesalers that includes 183,000 businesses and 683,000 employees. The sector is estimated to be worth \$316.6 billion. Among the forces impacting the sector are floods, droughts, pandemics, military conflict, trade wars, and disruptions to supply chains. The sector contains a large number of co-operatives, many of which are in the Top 100 CMEs league table.

Over the past five years fluctuations in rainfall, droughts, and floods have impacted different segments of the agribusiness sector. The COVID-19 pandemic, and the conflict in Ukraine, have resulted in rising food prices creating opportunities for Australian exporters, but also increasing costs of fuel, fertiliser, and other inputs such as ammonia. These factors have placed downward pressure on profits.

On the positive side, free trade agreements (FTA) with China, Japan, South Korea, and the United Kingdom, plus an economic cooperation and trade agreement (ECTA) with India, provide opportunities for growth. The outlook for the next five years to FY2027/28 is for an AAGR of 0.6% in turnover, and AAGR of 8.9% in profit margins (e.g., EBIT). However, there will be challenges associated with water supply, irrigation, farm productivity, and the need for more investment in technologies (Treisman, 2023a).

Case study - Co-operative Bulk Handling (CBH) Group Ltd.

To illustrate the impact of these trends attention can be focused on CBH Group Ltd., which is the largest CME by turnover outside the member-owned-superannuation funds. Founded in 1933 and based in WA, it holds 13.3% market share in the national cereal grain wholesaling industry, although it is focused on servicing the needs of its 4,200 members who are grain producers in WA. With a storage capacity of more than 20 million tonnes, CBH exports to over 30 countries (Fahey, 2022).

Handling around 90% of the WA grain harvest, CBH has outperformed its IOF competitors over the past five years, good rains in FY2021/22 provided bumper harvests. It competes with the foreign owned IOF Viterra, which holds 11.7% market share, the ASX listed GrainCorp Ltd., which holds 10.8% of the market, Cargill Australia Ltd. a US-owned subsidiary with 4.8% market share, and Emerald Grain Pty Ltd. with 3% market share (Fahey, 2022).

Financial Services

The Australian financial services sector comprises 57,217 firms, employs approximately 238,000 people, and in 2023 was estimated to be worth over \$285.6 billion. Over the past five years the annual turnover across the sector declined at an AAGR of -2.5%, with profitability also declining with an AAGR of -2.4% (Gannon, 2023).

Within the sector, the national and regional banks comprise 41 businesses, employing 163,000 people. During the same five-year period annual turnover across these firms declined by an AAGR of -5.5%, with profitability also declining by an AAGR of -0.2%. Major factors impacting the banking sector have been fluctuations in interest rates, rising competition, increasing regulation, and the need to hold larger capital reserves to meet liquidity requirements. Despite this, the outlook for the period 2003-2028 is positive (Treisman, 2023b).

The RBA's lowering of interest rates during the COVID-19 pandemic in FY2019/20 contrasts to their raising of interest rates in FY2021/22 in order to fight inflation. These fluctuations in monetary policy have impacted the banks' lending and borrowing costs. In addition, APRA implemented new capital adequacy requirements in January 2023, requiring the banks to hold greater cash reserves to meet liquidity levels. Market competition remains strong, and the requirement for increased investment in cyber security has become strategically important with customers moving online for financial services. Despite these challenges, the outlook for the five years to FY2027/28 is for revenue to grow at an AAGR of 6.9% (Treisman, 2023b).

Case study - Newcastle Permanent Building Society Ltd.

It is within this national context that the financial trends from this year's ACMEI report should be viewed. The performance of the customer owned banks, credit unions, and building societies is consistent with those found across the wider financial services industry. An example if that of the Newcastle Permanent Building Society Ltd., established in Newcastle NSW in 1903, it is one of Australia's last remaining building societies. It holds a 22.3% market share within the CME financial services sector and ranks 23^{rd} in the Top 100 CME league table.

Over the past five years, Newcastle Permanent has reduced its branch network across NSW, and increased its online services in order to compete with the major banks and other competitors. Although the Building Society's annual turnover fell by around 4.5% over the past five years, it outperformed the overall industry trends. Despite seeing some growth during FY2018/19, its profitability has declined in response to the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic, and low interest rates in FY2020/21. With rising interest rates the outlook for the company is positive (Thompson, 2022).

Health Insurance

Australia's health care system is a hybrid with the federal Medicare scheme running parallel with the private health insurance (PHI) funds, both CME and IOF. The sector comprises 32 firms that employ around 15,811 people. In FY2021/22 the sector was estimated to be worth around \$27.1 billion. However, over the past five years the PHI funds have experienced negative growth in revenue (-0.6% AAGR), and profit (-3.0% AAGR). The market is also highly concentrated with 52.6% of total market share controlled jointly by the two major IOFs, Bupa-ANZ Insurance (27.2%), and Medibank Private (25.4%) (Martin, 2022).

The challenges facing the PHI sector have been evolving for some time. This was a topic discussed at length in the ACMEI report of 2017, which noted these funds were seeing turnover rising (e.g., AAGR 20%), but profitability falling (e.g., AAGR EBIT 3% and NPAT 1.9%) (Mazzarol & Kresling, 2017).

These trends have continued over the past five years. However, the outlook for the period FY2021/22 to FY2017/28 is for revenue to grow at an AAGR of 1.2%. In addition, the federal government is planning to introduce reforms to the healthcare system that will simplify health insurance and reduce costs. If these work, it should increase the uptake of health insurance by younger people and help alleviate the pressure on profitability within the sector (Martin, 2022).

Case study – Hospital Benefits Fund (HBF) Health Ltd.

To illustrate the behaviour of the PHI mutual funds we can look at the case of HBF Health Ltd., which is ranked 5th in the Top 100 league table. Headquartered in WA, HBF was founded in 1941 and currently has 6.5% market share and over 1 million members. In 2015 HBF partnered with the online aggregator iSelect to increase its market share outside WA. With competition increasing, HBF formed an alliance with NSW based Hospital Contribution Fund (HCF Ltd.) and there were plans for a merger. However, this did not progress, and the merger plan was abandoned in 2018.

HBF's growth has been via mergers. In 2016 HBF acquired GMF Health, and in October 2021, it also acquired CUA Health (Martin, 2022). However, it operates in a highly competitive market environment that is also subject to increasing government regulation and price pressures. HBF's turnover has grown at an AAGR of 0.7% over the past five years, which was below the industry average. It was adversely impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic which led many policy holders to abandon their health insurance. In response, it cancelled its premium increase in 2020. However, while its annual turnover has increased modestly over the past five years, its EBIT and NPAT both fell sharply in FY2021/22. In addition, its assets and equity also declined slightly while its liabilities increased.

Motoring Services

Australia's automobile associations comprise eight organisations consisting of the NRMA (NSW), AANT (NT), RAA SA (SA), RAC WA (WA), RACQ (QLD), RACV (VIC), RACT (TAS), and the AAA (ACT). These are member-owned Associations and public companies, founded by car owners during the first half of the twentieth century when motor vehicles were first emerging as a means of transportation. Their primary services are advocacy on behalf of motorists, roadside assistance for breakdowns, travel agency, motor, housing travel and general insurance, driver training, and in some cases the operation of resort hotels and clubs (Allday, 2022).

These firms have generally enjoyed strong growth in turnover and profitability. However, revenues were negatively impacted during the COVID-19 pandemic in 2019/20, with modest growth of car insurance revenue over the past five years showing an AAGR of 0.8%, and a decline of 1.6% for FY2022/23. Despite a growth in Australia's motor vehicle fleet, the cost of repairs and maintenance have also risen due to the increasing technological complexity of cars (Ezhova, 2023).

Rising costs of fuel and servicing, combined with higher repair costs, have also had an adverse impact on the car insurance industry. Competition is also rising with online aggregators offering customers a wide range of options and reducing the direct relationship between the insurer and the customer (Ezhova, 2023).

Case study - Royal Automobile Club of Queensland (RACQ) Ltd.

To illustrate the activities of the motoring services we can look at the case of the Royal Automobile Club of Queensland (RACQ) Ltd. Established in 1927 it is ranked 4th in the Top 100 CME league table. During the past five years (2018 to 2022) RACQ experienced an AAGR of 10.9% in turnover.

Like its counterparts in other states and territories, RACQ experienced a collapse in profit during FY2019/20 as a result of the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. Its NPAT in that year was down significantly (e.g., -64.3%). The following year things bounced back with EBIT rising by 372.8%, only to fall by even more (e.g., -533.9%) in FY2021/22).

RACQ provides roadside assistance, advice over buying, owning, driving, and safely operating motor vehicles, travel agency, home assistance, a wide range of general insurance services, plus banking and financing via its subsidiary QT Mutual Bank. This move into banking occurred in 2016 via a merger between RACQ and QT Mutual Bank Ltd.

Member-Owned Superannuation Funds

The Australian superannuation industry comprises 154 businesses and employs over 26,714 people. In 2022 it was holding assets of \$3.4 trillion. Over the past five years revenue across the sector fell by an AAGR of -10.6%, and profit by an AAGR of -12.4%. Revenue growth for FY2021/22 was -234.5% caused by share market volatility, rising interest rates, and inflation.

However, the sector retains a strong asset base, and is set to benefit from the requirement under the federal Superannuation Guarantee Scheme (SGC) for employers to contribute 10.5% of an employee's income to a superannuation account of choice by the employee. This payment within the SGC will see employer contributions rise at a rate of 0.5% per annum until they reach 12% by FY2025/26. This will boost industry revenue by an estimated AAGR of 5.2%, and assets by an AAGR of 3.5% over the same time period (Gannon, 2022).

Case study - Australian Super Ltd.

Australia's largest superannuation fund is Australian Super, which has assets of more than \$271.75 billion. Established in 1985, the fund, which is headquartered in Melbourne, has over 2.87 million members. Much of its recent growth has been assisted by mergers with smaller funds, such as the LUCRF Super and Club Plus Super funds in FY2021-22.

Over the past five years Australian Super's assets grew at an AAGR of 17.2%, which was significantly greater than the overall industry average during the same period. It also benefitted from inflows of funds following the findings of the Royal Commission into Misconduct in the Banking, Superannuation and Financial Services Industry, which found serious misconduct within the IOF retail super funds. As a result, members of those funds moved to the industry funds that had been found to be performing better.

THE CONTRIBUTION OF THE CME SECTOR TO THE AUSTRALIAN ECONOMY

As discussed within the previous sections, the Australian CME sector makes a significant contribution to the national economy with around 2,000 firms operating across almost all industries, and all states and territories, with many of its largest firms controlling significant market share. With a combined active memberships base of more than 33.3 million, an aggregate employment of over 76,806 people, and a combined assets pool greater than \$1,469 billion, it is a significant sector.

However, CMEs represent a unique business model that measures its success in both economic and social capital generation (Mazzarol et al., 2018). Assessing the economic contribution of CMEs is measured via financial metrics and job creation. As outlined in this report, the CME sector makes a significant contribution to these statistics, and the firms that comprise it are impacted by the same economic forces that affect all businesses within the economy. Despite the competitive market pressures they face, and recent decline in revenue and profitability the overall picture is positive.

Australia's CMEs have generally outperformed their IOF counterparts in most sectors, and weathered the turbulent years of the global pandemic, military conflict in Europe, droughts, floods, fires, disruptions to

international supply chains, and rising costs and interest rates fairly well. Increasing competition at the national and international level, plus greater regulatory requirements (e.g., financial, and environmental), have resulted in a spate of mergers within the sector as firms seek to increase their overall scale economies to lower their cost of operations.

This is a pattern that took place during the period from 1995 to 2006 when increasing market competition and deregulation created a rise of mergers and demutualisations across the Australian non-bank financial sector. The result was a decline in the total number of credit unions and building societies from 291 to 148 as firms sought to grow larger or transform into IOFs to remain competitive (Davis, 2007).

Although the measurement of economic contribution by the CME sector is complex, the reliable measure of its social contribution is significantly more challenging. This is due to the absence of reliable metrics. Employment data is a useful start, and although our data on employee numbers only covers 34% of the total CME population, it captures the largest firms and provides a representative sample.

There is little doubt that the CME sector makes a significant social contribution in areas such as housing, medical services, education, community services, employment, training, and child care, as well as enabling local communities, farmers, fishermen, and small businesses to remain economically viable. Despite this, more work needs to be done to develop the key metrics for social capital measurement. As stated in our ACMEI report of 2019, many CMEs focus on their social contributions more actively than before. This also includes environmental measures associated with climate change mitigation.

MEMBERSHIP AND EMPLOYMENT

Reliable data on memberships was only available for 33 out of the total 1,844 firms. This is not something that is readily shared by most CMEs. However, this small (18%) sample, comprises many of the largest firms. The total combined memberships of these firms were 33,343,343.

 TABLE 6: EMPLOYMENT WITHIN AUSTRALIAN CO-OPERATIVE AND MUTUAL ENTERPRISES 2021

Туре	Female	Male	Not specified	Total
Full-time employees	21,358	19,418	12,493	53,269
Part-time employees	14,138	3,915	5,484	23,537
Total	35,496	23,333	17,977	76,806

In relation to employment, reliable data could be found for 623 firms. As summarized in Table 6, there were a total of 76,806 employees recorded across these firms, of which 46% were female, with 40% employed within the part-time workforce. This compared with 17% of males being employed in the part-time workforce.

BOARDS OF DIRECTORS

Gender diversity on the boards of these CMEs was also examined and reliable data was obtained from 331 firms. The average number of board directors was 8 persons, with some 2,494 people serving as company directors of these CMEs. Of these directors, 62% were females. A total of 239 CMEs reported having at least one independent director on their boards. With the average of 1 independent director and a maximum of 6 independent directors.

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander CMEs

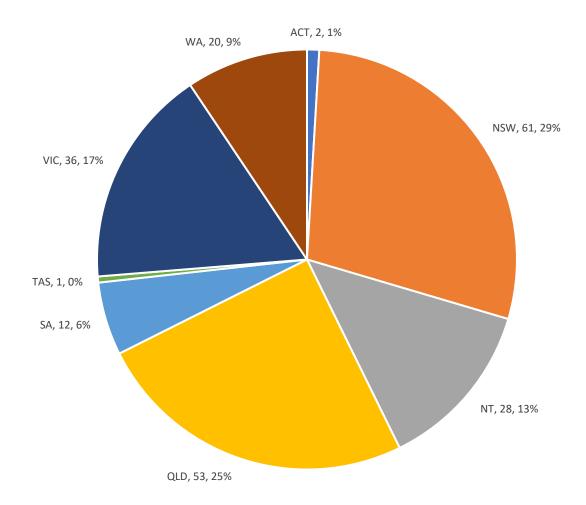
There are at least 213 CMEs that are owned and operated by Aboriginal and Torres Straits Islanders (ATSI) community groups. This represents around 12% of the total. Co-operatives comprise 33.8% of these firms, with the remainder (66.2%) being mutual enterprises.

Nine ATSI businesses were listed in the Top 100 CMEs list by annual turnover for FY2021/22, these were:

- Arnhem Land Progress Aboriginal Corporation [NT] \$137.57 million.
- Institute for Urban Indigenous Health Ltd. [QLD] \$107.99 million.
- Victorian Aboriginal Child Care Agency Co-operative Ltd [VIC] \$106.57 million.
- Central Australian Aboriginal Congress Aboriginal Corporation [NT] \$64.80 million.
- Kimberley Aboriginal Medical Services Ltd. [WA] \$56.92 million.
- Miwatj Health Aboriginal Corporation [NT] \$50.20 million.
- National Aboriginal Community Controlled Health Organisation (NACCHO) [ACT] \$48.15 million.
- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Community Health Service Brisbane Ltd. [QLD] \$41.98 million.
- Mallee District Aboriginal Services Ltd. [VIC] \$35.93 million.

As shown in Figure 8 these ATSI community CMEs are distributed across all states and territories, with the largest concentrations found in NSW (29%), Queensland (25%), Victoria (17%), the Northern Territory (13%) and Western Australia (9%). The high proportion of such CMEs in the Northern Territory, and Queensland reflects the large number of regional and remote Aboriginal communities in these areas.

FIGURE 8: ABORIGINAL AND TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER CMES BY STATE AND TERRITORY



As illustrated in Figure 9, the ATSI CMEs can be found in a wide-range of industries. However, the majority (71%) are found in the medical services sector, followed by community services (14%), housing (7%), arts and culture (3%), education, training, and childcare (1%), then a range of other sectors. However, there is a considerable overlap within these enterprises as they seek to provide a holistic approach to the service of their communities. The majority are non-distributing (not-for-profit) entities, and many are ACNC registered charities.

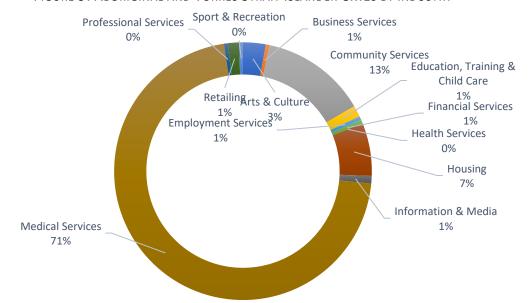


FIGURE 9: ABORIGINAL AND TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER CMES BY INDUSTRY

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

The overall picture that emerges from this year's ACMEI study is one of a CME sector in transition. As outlined in this report, there has been a significant number of mergers and acquisitions across the sector over recent years. This reflects rising levels of market competitiveness, and the pressure of government regulation, which has impacted the financial services mutuals in particular. The need to grow larger to achieve economies of scale and scope, and to strengthen the organisations' balance sheets, are key factors influencing these trends.

In addition to market competition and government regulatory changes, the sector has been impacted by a highly turbulent environment. This has included the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and the war in Ukraine, that have created disruptions to global supply chains, and volatility in investment markets. These trends are also likely to continue over the next five years. Geopolitical alliances are changing with a transition away from the US dollar as an international exchange currency. This may impact US bond markets, and impact inflation and the acceleration of a multipolar world (Springfield, 2022).

Major changes are also taking place in relation to technology, which is impacting industries from agriculture, and manufacturing, through retailing, financial services, health, and community services. These shifts in the role of technology, specifically cyber physical systems (CPS), artificial intelligence (AI), and machine learning, are changing the business models of incumbent enterprises, and these will impact the CME sector. In addition, the existential threat posed by global climate change remains unresolved, and this will also impact the sector in many ways. Despite these challenges the Australian CME sector remains both resilient and adaptive.

REFERENCES

- Allday, A. (2022). *IBISWorld Industry Report S9559: Community Associations and Other Interest Groups in Australia*. www.ibisworld.com, IBISWorld.
- AustLII (2019). *Corporations Act 2001 Section 51M Mutual entities*, www8.austlii.edu.au Commonwealth Consolidated Act.
- BCCM (2014). 2014 National Mutual Economy Report. www.bccm.coop, Business Council of Co-operatives and Mutuals (BCCM).
- BCCM (2015). 2015 National Mutual Economy Report. www.bccm.coop, Business Council of Co-operatives and Mutuals (BCCM).
- BCCM (2016). 2016 National Mutual Economy Report. www.bccm.coop Business Council of Co-operatives and Mutuals (BCCM).
- BCCM (2017). 2017 National Mutual Economy Report. www.bccm.coop Business Council of Co-operatives and Mutuals (BCCM).
- BCCM (2018). 2018 National Mutual Economy Report. www.bccm.coop Business Council of Co-operatives and Mutuals (BCCM).
- BCCM (2019). 2019 National Mutual Economy Report. www.bccm.coop Business Council of Co-operatives and Mutuals (BCCM).
- BCCM (2020). 2020 National Mutual Economy Report. www.bccm.coop Business Council of Co-operatives and Mutuals (BCCM).
- BCCM (2021). 2021 National Mutual Economy Report. www.bccm.coop Business Council of Co-operatives and Mutuals (BCCM).
- BCCM (2022). 2022 National Mutual Economy Report. www.bccm.coop Business Council of Co-operatives and Mutuals (BCCM).
- Birchall, J. (2011). *People-Centred Businesses: Co-operatives, Mutuals and the Idea of Membership*. London, New York, Palgrave MacMillan.
- CA (2010) Australia's Top 100 Co-operatives, Credit Unions and Mutuals by Annual Turnover 2010, Cooperatives Australia, September www.australia.coop
- CA (2011) Australia's Top 100 Co-operatives, Credit Unions and Mutuals by Annual Turnover 2011, Cooperatives Australia, September www.australia.coop
- CA (2012) Australia's Top 100 Co-operatives, Credit Unions and Mutuals by Annual Turnover 2012, Cooperatives Australia, September www.australia.coop
- Davis, K. (2007). Australian credit unions and the demutualization agenda. *Annals of Public and Cooperative Economics*, 78(2), 227-300.
- Ezhova, E. (2023). *IBISWorld Industry Report OD4122: Car Insurance in Australia*. www.ibisworld.com, IBISWorld.

- Fahey, J. (2022). *IBISWorld Industry Report F3312: Cereal Grain Wholesaling in Australia*. www.ibisworld.com, IBISWorld.
- Gannon, D. (2022). *IBISWorld Industry Report K6330: Superannuation Funds in Australia*. www.ibisworld.com, IBISWorld.
- Gannon, D. (2023). IBISWorld Industry Report K6200: Finance in Australia. www.ibisworld.com, IBISWorld.
- ICA (2019) "What is a Co-op?", International Co-operative Alliance, www.ica.coop/en/whats-co-op
- Jeswanth, D. K. (2022). *IBISWorld Industry Report A0149: Grain Growing in Australia*. www.ibisworld.com, IBISWorld.
- Martin, D. (2022). *IBISWorld Industry Report K6321: Health Insurance in Australia*. www.ibisworld.com, IBISWorld.
- Mazzarol, T. (2018) Australia's Leading Co-operative and Mutual Enterprises in 2018" CEMI Discussion Paper Series, DP 1801, www.cemi.com.au Centre for Entrepreneurial Management and Innovation.
- Mazzarol, T. (2019) *Australia's Leading Co-operative and Mutual Enterprises in 2019" CEMI Discussion Paper Series, DP 1901*, www.cemi.com.au Centre for Entrepreneurial Management and Innovation.
- Mazzarol, T. (2020). *Australia's Leading Co-operative and Mutual Enterprises in 2020: CEMI Discussion Paper Series, DP 2001.* www.cemi.com.au Centre for Entrepreneurial Management and Innovation.
- Mazzarol, T. (2021). *Australia's Leading Co-operative and Mutual Enterprises in 2021: CEMI Discussion Paper Series, DP 2101.* www.cemi.com.au Centre for Entrepreneurial Management and Innovation.
- Mazzarol, T. (2022). Australia's Leading Co-operative and Mutual Enterprises in 2022: CEMI Discussion Paper Series, DP 2201. www.cemi.com.au, Centre for Entrepreneurial Management and Innovation.
- Mazzarol, T., and Kresling, J. (2017). *Australia's Leading Co-operative and Mutual Enterprises in 2017: CEMI Discussion Paper Series, DP 1701*. www.cemi.com.au Centre for Entrepreneurial Management and Innovation
- Mazzarol, T., Clark, D., Reboud, S., and Mamouni Limnios, E. (2018). Developing a conceptual framework for the Co-operative and Mutual Enterprise business model. *Journal of Management and Organization* 24(4), 551-581.
- Mazzarol, T., Mamouni Limnios, E., Soutar, G.N., and Kresling, J. (2014). *Australia's Leading Co-operative and Mutual Enterprises in 2014. CEMI Discussion Paper Series, DP 1403*. www.cemi.com.au, Centre for Entrepreneurial Management and Innovation.
- Mazzarol, T., Mamouni Limnios, E., Soutar, G.N., and Kresling, J. (2015). *Australia's Leading Co-operative and Mutual Enterprises in 2015: CEMI Discussion Paper Series, DP 1502*. www.cemi.com.au, Centre for Entrepreneurial Management and Innovation.
- Mazzarol, T., Mamouni Limnios, E., Soutar, G.N., and Kresling, J. (2016). *Australia's Leading Co-operative and Mutual Enterprises in 2016: CEMI Discussion Paper Series, DP 1601*. www.cemi.com.au Centre for Entrepreneurial Management and Innovation.
- Reeves, M. (2022). *IBISWorld Industry Report C1131: Milk and Cream Processing in Australia*. www.ibisworld.com, IBISWorld.

- Springfield, C. (2022). We are witnessing a global de-dollarisation spree. *International Banker*, 17 August 2022, www.internationalbanker.com
- Thomson, J. (2022). *IBISWorld Industry Report K6223: Credit Unions and Building Societies in Australia*. www.ibisworld.com, IBISWorld.
- Treisman, J. (2023a). *IBISWorld Industry Report X0005: Agribusiness in Australia*. www.ibisworld.com, IBISWorld.
- Treisman, J. (2023b). *IBISWorld Industry Report K6221A: National and Regional Commercial Banks in Australia*. www.ibisworld.com, IBISWorld.
- Yeoh, Y. H. (2021). *IBISWorld Industry Report K6330: Superannuation Funds in Australia*. www.ibisworld.com IBISWorld.

APPENDIX A: TOP 100 CME BY ANNUAL TURNOVER FOR FY2021/22

Rank	Name	State	Turnover (AUD \$)	EBIT (AUD \$)	NPAT (AUD \$)	Total Assets (AUD \$)
1	Co-operative Bulk Handling Ltd	WA	\$6,227,861,000	\$717,815,000	\$497,729,000	\$4,378,551,000
2	Hospital Contribution Fund (HCF)	NSW	\$3,522,960,000	(\$20,482,000)	(\$17,384,000)	\$3,162,878,000
3	Capricorn Society Ltd	WA	\$2,930,206,000	\$24,146,000	\$17,387,000	\$613,933,000
4	RACQ	QLD	\$2,048,797,000	(\$352,418,000)	(\$245,180,000)	\$6,303,747,000
5	HBF Health	WA	\$1,857,500,000	(\$96,000,000)	(\$96,900,000)	\$2,055,900,000
6	Australian Unity	VIC	\$1,361,327,000	\$5,529,000	\$45,719,000	\$7,545,849,000
7	RAC WA	WA	\$1,230,853,000	\$12,140,000	\$7,971,000	\$2,413,468,000
8	Teachers Health Fund	NSW	\$863,917,000	\$30,646,000	\$30,416,000	\$759,487,000
9	RAA SA	SA	\$731,792,000	(\$14,402,000)	(\$9,597,000)	\$835,376,000
10	Catholic Church Insurance Limited (CCI)	VIC	\$726,510,000	\$866,000	\$866,000	\$1,779,515,000
11	RACV	VIC	\$699,700,000	\$30,800,000	\$12,200,000	\$2,663,800,000
12	Norco Co-operative Ltd	NSW	\$652,013,000	(\$25,854,000)	(\$19,572,000)	\$214,306,000
13	GMHBA Limited	VIC	\$642,298,000	\$22,431,000	\$19,127,000	\$614,291,000
14	NRMA	NSW	\$630,113,000	\$444,000	(\$1,251,000)	\$2,058,652,000
15	Avant Mutual Group	NSW	\$548,300,000	(\$76,200,000)	(\$48,100,000)	\$2,701,900,000
16	CBHS Health Fund Limited	NSW	\$511,361,000	\$4,079,000	\$4,078,000	\$436,851,000
17	EML (formerly Employers Mutual Ltd)	NSW	\$510,023,000	\$23,845,000	\$16,868,000	\$610,701,000
18	WA Meat Marketing Co-operative Ltd	WA	\$497,487,000	\$34,236,000		\$164,394,000
19	Independent Liquor Group Distribution Co-operative	NSW	\$425,423,210	\$858,235	\$1,195,744	\$45,287,894
20	Credit Union Australia (CUA)	QLD	\$418,000,000	\$20,400,000	\$70,500,000	\$17,863,900,000
21	Independent Liquor Group Suppliers Cooperative Ltd	NSW	\$416,648,176	\$1,891,646	\$1,811,754	\$82,364,431
22	Tyrepower Group	VIC	\$397,414,000			
23	Newcastle Permanent	NSW	\$301,862,000	\$50,686,000	\$35,895,000	\$13,941,577,000
24	Heritage Bank Ltd	QLD	\$296,773,000	\$58,027,000	\$40,539,000	\$12,324,105,000
25	People's Choice Credit Union (Australian Central CU)	SA	\$289,965,000	\$11,318,000	\$17,516,000	\$10,446,786,000
26	Westfund Health Ltd	NSW	\$271,422,000	\$1,704,000	\$1,652,000	\$245,965,000
27	Friendly Society Medical Association Limited (National Pharmacies)	SA	\$266,667,000	\$4,976,000	\$1,058,000	\$149,793,000
28	Associated Retailers Ltd	VIC	\$260,329,000			
29	CUSCAL	NSW	\$247,300,000	\$33,000,000	\$23,400,000	\$3,317,500,000
30	Queensland Country Bank Ltd.	QLD	\$238,110,000	\$19,490,000	\$13,303,000	\$2,904,285,000
31	Geraldton Fishermen's Co-operative Ltd	WA	\$235,523,555	\$8,311,301	\$6,357,579	\$113,351,947
32	Bank Australia	VIC	\$231,305,000	\$50,825,000	\$34,387,000	\$9,672,402,000
33	Teachers Mutual Bank Ltd	NSW	\$226,734,000	\$42,346,000	\$30,390,000	\$10,442,335,000
34	OZ Group Co-op	NSW	\$223,326,490	\$1,840,107	\$1,783,340	\$30,846,873
35	Beyond Bank	SA	\$219,000,000	\$49,400,000	\$35,500,000	\$8,290,900,000
36	Greater Bank (formerly Greater Building Society Ltd)	NSW	\$215,831,000	\$9,089,000	\$6,141,000	\$8,386,542,000
37	Northern Co-operative Meat Co. Ltd	NSW	\$214,425,000	(\$10,787,000)	(\$7,911,000)	\$160,482,000
38	Queensland Teachers Union Health Fund	QLD	\$201,702,769	\$1,859,323	\$1,859,323	\$190,029,581

Rank	Name	State	Turnover (AUD \$)	EBIT (AUD \$)	NPAT (AUD \$)	Total Assets (AUD \$)
39	Health Partners Ltd	SA	\$200,097,000	\$3,038,000	\$3,038,000	\$249,877,000
40	Latrobe Health Services Ltd	VIC	\$192,970,950	\$4,244,343	\$4,244,343	\$241,648,993
41	Police Health	SA	\$191,651,385	\$8,557,879	\$8,557,879	\$102,755,217
42	Health Insurance Fund of Australia	WA	\$182,797,800	\$7,762,670	\$7,739,909	\$149,892,408
43	IMB Limited	NSW	\$182,227,000	\$41,957,000	\$29,547,000	\$7,076,295,000
44	St Luke's Medical & Hospital Benefits Association Ltd	TAS	\$181,300,590	\$5,040,653	\$4,929,216	\$155,519,296
45	UniMutual	NSW	\$179,647,021	-\$5,374,668	-\$5,271,927	\$313,831,214
46	P&N Bank	WA	\$178,517,000	\$23,173,000	\$16,546,000	\$7,349,119,000
47	Australian Dairy Farmers Corporation	VIC	\$174,633,794	\$364,838	\$255,102	\$19,607,108
48	Royal Automobile Club of Tasmania	TAS	\$166,652,000	\$55,790,000	\$57,217,000	\$359,721,000
49	Peoplecare Health Insurance	NSW	\$162,708,558	\$4,719,819	\$4,719,819	\$162,512,838
50	International Macadamias Ltd (Macadamia Processing Co. Ltd)	NSW	\$156,847,135	(\$6,188,091)	(\$5,290,287)	\$123,475,979
51	Yenda Producers Co-operative Ltd	NSW	\$154,665,140	\$6,725,275	\$5,265,085	\$85,632,757
52	Capricorn Mutual Limited	WA	\$140,509,000	\$1,852,000	\$1,843,000	\$175,023,000
53	Arnhem Land Progress Aboriginal Corporation	NT	\$137,565,139	\$11,507,841	\$11,494,438	\$127,405,944
54	Plumbers' Suppliers Co-operative Ltd	NSW	\$126,232,376	(\$1,307,306)	(\$1,343,416)	\$74,367,175
55	AlmondCo Ltd	SA	\$125,646,000	\$5,433,000	\$4,203,000	\$144,615,000
56	NSW Sugar Milling Co-operative	NSW	\$119,946,522			\$21,748,726
57	Qudos Bank (formerly QANTAS Credit Union)	NSW	\$114,576,000	\$22,479,000	\$15,727,000	\$5,190,581,000
58	Hastings Co-operative	NSW	\$113,859,000	-\$487,000	-\$1,481,000	\$53,502,000
59	Navy Health Ltd	VIC	\$109,807,926	\$987,438	\$987,438	\$149,666,654
60	Institute for Urban Indigenous Health Itd	QLD	\$107,991,806	\$3,816,765	\$3,816,765	\$66,884,391
61	Victorian Aboriginal Child Care Agency Co-operative Ltd	VIC	\$106,567,429	\$6,433,545	\$6,433,545	\$74,122,827
62	CCW Co-op	SA	\$102,375,050	\$61,153	-\$71,493	\$3,189,179
63	Tasmanian Independent Retailers Co-op Society Ltd	TAS	\$98,504,055	\$2,180,919	\$1,597,095	\$65,273,590
65	Dairy Farmers Milk Co-operative Ltd	NSW	\$96,781,000	\$76,000	\$84,000	\$18,648,000
64	Master Butchers Co-operative Ltd	SA	\$93,972,099	\$8,153,031	\$8,250,811	\$51,980,371
66	MDA National	WA	\$92,409,000	-\$13,434,000	-\$14,464,000	\$490,402,000
67	UFS Dispensaries Ltd	VIC	\$89,898,892	\$2,993,715	\$2,606,991	\$66,024,349
68	Bundaberg Associated Friendly Society Medical Institute Ltd	QLD	\$88,263,229	\$253,802	\$156,621	\$84,957,689
69	StateCover Mutual Ltd	NSW	\$87,995,000	-\$28,926,000	-\$28,926,000	\$558,414,000
70	Lawcover Pty Ltd	NSW	\$85,632,000	-\$17,388,000	-\$12,298,000	\$413,821,000
71	Defence Bank	VIC	\$84,470,000	\$23,605,000	\$16,655,000	\$3,206,505,000
72	Medical Defence Association of South Australia Limited	SA	\$82,815,000	-\$3,294,000	\$957,000	\$463,786,000
73	Regional Australia Bank	NSW	\$82,386,000	\$24,574,000	\$17,310,000	\$3,149,585,000
74	Medical Indemnity Protection Society Ltd (MIPS)	VIC	\$76,739,000	-\$23,915,000	-\$21,112,000	\$646,486,000
75						
75	Bank First (formerly Victoria Teachers Mutual Bank)	VIC	\$76,148,000	\$13,521,000	\$9,480,000	\$3,382,436,000

Rank	Name	State	Turnover (AUD \$)	EBIT (AUD \$)	NPAT (AUD \$)	Total Assets (AUD \$)
77	Mildura District Hospital Fund Ltd	VIC	\$70,542,213	\$1,430,893	\$1,430,893	\$118,891,833
78	BankVic (formerly Police Credit)	VIC	\$67,680,000	\$16,617,000	\$11,614,000	\$2,827,715,000
79	Cowboys Leagues Club Limited	QLD	\$65,408,283	\$16,468,150	\$15,974,783	\$78,030,730
80	Police Bank	NSW	\$64,800,000	\$6,400,000	\$4,300,000	\$2,462,600,000
81	Central Australian Aboriginal Congress Aboriginal Corporation	NT	\$64,799,538	\$663,758	\$428,662	\$52,025,000
82	Phoenix Health Fund	NSW	\$57,707,636	\$3,024,841	\$3,024,841	\$47,744,470
83	Kimberley Aboriginal Medical Services Ltd (was Kimberley Aboriginal Medical Service Co-operative)	WA	\$56,919,227	(\$347,623)	(\$457,206)	\$49,656,256
84	N.Q. Co-op Ltd	QLD	\$54,390,450	\$2,433,861	\$2,296,418	\$40,142,931
85	Murrumbidgee Irrigation Limited	NSW	\$51,965,000	-\$2,584,000	-\$3,806,000	\$662,644,000
86	Miwatj Health Aboriginal Corporation	NT	\$50,199,182	\$6,464,807	\$6,266,748	\$33,453,282
87	National Aboriginal Community Controlled Health Organisation (NACCHO)	ACT	\$48,149,315	\$257,514	\$257,514	\$60,165,811
88	Unity Bank (formerly Maritime, Mining & Power Credit Union)	NSW	\$46,126,000	\$9,193,000	\$7,348,000	\$1,587,202,000
89	Australian Military Bank (Australian Defence Credit Union)	NSW	\$42,547,000	\$2,539,000	\$1,988,000	\$1,605,318,000
90	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Community Health Service Brisbane Limited	QLD	\$41,977,186	-\$961,917	-\$961,917	\$64,771,508
91	Mount Barker Co-operative Ltd	WA	\$39,521,913	\$1,473,297	\$1,161,762	\$18,165,998
92	Sydney Credit Union	NSW	\$38,690,000	\$6,482,000	\$5,429,000	\$1,778,057,000
93	Rapid Group Co-operative Ltd (Rapid Clean)	NSW	\$38,604,946	\$84,408	\$54,557	\$7,500,348
94	Civic Risk Mutual	NSW	\$38,304,335	\$2,191,734	\$2,191,734	\$89,183,737
95	Police Credit Union Limited	SA	\$37,950,000	\$8,726,000	\$6,574,000	\$1,190,170,000
96	G&C Mutual Bank / Quay Mutual Bank (Quay Credit Union Ltd)	NSW	\$37,864,000	\$9,012,000	\$6,718,000	\$1,532,555,000
97	Hume Bank	NSW	\$36,383,000	\$6,802,000	\$5,086,000	\$1,618,442,000
98	Mallee District Aboriginal Services Limited	VIC	\$35,935,650	\$7,005,627	\$7,005,627	\$49,508,986
99	BankofUs (formerly B&E Personal Banking)	TAS	\$35,043,627	\$6,919,003	\$5,170,604	\$1,361,684,912
100	Community First Credit Union	NSW	\$34,201,000	\$2,980,000	\$2,704,000	\$1,287,524,000

Notes to Table:

- 1. EBIT= earnings before interest and tax. NPAT = net profit after tax. n/a=not available. All values are reported in Australian \$.
- 2. Turnover for some CMEs has included the total income received by the enterprise as a co-operative or mutual rather than the amount of income accounted for by the enterprise as a business entity.
- 3. Financial information has been sourced in most cases from company annual reports, and where that has not been available from IBISWorld industry reports. All care has been taken to ensure the accuracy of this data; however, it is possible that some information may be incorrect.
- 4. Member owned superannuation funds are reported in Appendix B.

APPENDIX B: MEMBER OWNED SUPERANNUATION FUNDS FY2021/22

Rank	Name	State	Turnover (AUD \$)	ABBT (AUD \$)	ABAT (AUD \$)	Total Assets (AUD \$)
1	TWU Super	NSW	\$370,241,000	(\$185,289,000)	(\$187,719,000)	\$6,234,196,000
2	Legalsuper	VIC	\$312,917,361	\$269,680,070	\$261,914,884	\$5,005,514,192
3	Meat Industry Employees' Superannuation Fund	VIC	\$67,984,049	-\$6,418,068	-\$8,378,437	\$954,988,660
4	First Super	VIC	\$18,380,315	-\$2,157,567	\$18,519,698	\$3,642,376,431
5	AMIST Super	NSW	-\$26,681,000	-\$39,753,000	-\$27,076,000	\$2,563,097,000
6	NESS Super Pty Ltd	NSW	-\$48,435,947	-\$54,405,840	-\$43,614,910	\$952,124,530
7	Electricity Industry Superannuation Fund	SA	-\$50,848,000	-\$54,842,000	-\$50,630,000	\$1,509,160,000
8	Maritime Super	NSW	-\$54,934,000	-\$77,334,000	-\$79,717,000	\$5,820,099,000
9	REI Super	VIC	-\$113,100,000	-\$124,412,000	-\$109,668,000	\$1,881,775,000
10	Australian Catholic Superannuation and Retirement Fund	NSW	-\$152,342,000	-\$204,554,000	-\$140,173,000	\$10,222,017,000
11	Building Unions Superannuation Scheme (Qld) (BUSSQ)	QLD	-\$294,615,025	-\$316,816,310	-\$310,656,675	\$5,577,794,961
12	Prime Super	NSW	-\$322,835,000	-\$377,620,000	-\$314,637,000	\$6,074,572,000
13	CareSuper	NSW	-\$393,978,000	-\$543,466,000	-\$379,747,000	\$19,669,328,000
14	Local Government Super	NSW	-\$475,130,000	-\$563,458,000	-\$424,353,000	\$13,458,170,000
15	Vision Super Pty Ltd	VIC	-\$495,504,000	-\$560,889,000	-\$447,132,000	\$12,010,975,000
16	NGS Super Pty Ltd	NSW	-\$634,311,000	-\$734,817,000	-\$609,228,000	\$13,394,944,000
17	Mine Super	NSW	-\$692,284,000	-\$777,643,000	-\$626,478,000	\$11,846,475,000
18	Energy Super	QLD	-\$775,082,000	-\$944,975,000	-\$708,222,000	\$23,203,890,000
19	MTAA Superannuation Fund	ACT	-\$974,500,000	-\$1,156,700,000	-\$936,200,000	\$25,507,500,000
20	Equipsuper	VIC	-\$1,426,484,000	-\$1,604,960,000	-\$1,332,848,000	\$30,190,508,000
21	HOSTPLUS	VIC	-\$1,756,973,000	-\$1,912,171,000	-\$1,837,617,000	\$80,878,428,000
22	Health Employee's Superannuation Trust Australia (HESTA)	VIC	-\$1,816,649,000	-\$2,170,314,000	-\$1,715,471,000	\$67,256,444,000
23	Retail Employee's Superannuation Trust (REST)	NSW	-\$1,866,000,000	-\$2,291,000,000	-\$1,705,000,000	\$67,122,000,000
24	Construction & Building Superannuation (CBUS)	VIC	-\$3,379,190,000	-\$3,965,879,000	-\$3,141,277,000	\$72,240,012,000
25	UniSuper	VIC	-\$3,413,000,000	-\$3,912,000,000	-\$2,892,000,000	\$103,168,000,000
26	Aware Super	NSW	-\$5,942,000,000	-\$6,750,000,000	-\$5,591,000,000	\$150,695,000,000
27	Sunsuper	QLD	-\$8,483,000,000	-\$9,114,000,000	-\$7,815,000,000	\$240,282,000,000
28	Australian Super	VIC	-\$10,214,000,000	(\$11,374,000,00 0)	(\$8,846,000,000)	\$271,748,000,000

Notes to Table:

1. ABBT= allocation of benefits before tax. ABAT = allocation of benefits after tax. n/a=not available. All values are reported in Australian \$.

APPENDIX C: TOP 100 AUSTRALIAN CME BY ASSETS FY2021/22

Rank	Name	State	Assets (AUD \$)	Liabilities (AUD \$)	Equity (AUD \$)
1	Credit Union Australia (CUA)	QLD	\$17,863,900,000	\$16,569,200,000	\$1,294,700,000
2	Newcastle Permanent	NSW	\$13,941,577,000	\$12,855,651,000	\$1,085,926,000
3	Heritage Bank Ltd	QLD	\$12,324,105,000	\$11,575,947,000	\$748,158,000
4	People's Choice Credit Union (Australian Central CU)	SA	\$10,446,786,000	\$9,761,880,000	\$684,906,000
5	Teachers Mutual Bank Ltd	NSW	\$10,442,335,000	\$9,768,208,000	\$674,127,000
6	Bank Australia	VIC	\$9,672,402,000	\$9,004,988,000	\$667,414,000
7	Greater Bank (formerly Greater Building Society Ltd)	NSW	\$8,386,542,000	\$7,811,566,000	\$574,976,000
8	Beyond Bank	SA	\$8,290,900,000	\$7,657,900,000	\$633,000,000
9	Australian Unity	VIC	\$7,545,849,000	\$6,398,168,000	\$1,147,681,000
10	P&N Bank	WA	\$7,349,119,000	\$6,788,777,000	\$560,342,000
11	IMB Limited	NSW	\$7,076,295,000	\$6,639,049,000	\$437,246,000
12	RACQ	QLD	\$6,303,747,000	\$5,037,157,000	\$1,266,590,000
13	Qudos Bank (formerly QANTAS Credit Union)	NSW	\$5,190,581,000	\$4,870,351,000	\$320,230,000
14	Co-operative Bulk Handling Ltd	WA	\$4,378,551,000	\$1,989,829,000	\$2,388,722,000
15	Bank First (formerly Victoria Teachers Mutual Bank)	VIC	\$3,382,436,000	\$3,126,310,000	\$256,126,000
16	CUSCAL	NSW	\$3,317,500,000	\$3,024,300,000	\$293,200,000
17	Defence Bank	VIC	\$3,206,505,000	\$2,986,947,000	\$219,558,000
18	Hospital Contribution Fund (HCF)	NSW	\$3,162,878,000	\$1,179,270,000	\$1,983,608,000
19	Regional Australia Bank	NSW	\$3,149,585,000	\$2,942,726,000	\$206,859,000
20	Queensland Country Bank Ltd.	QLD	\$2,904,285,000	\$2,615,236,000	\$289,049,000
21	BankVic (formerly Police Credit)	VIC	\$2,827,715,000	\$2,609,762,000	\$217,953,000
22	Avant Mutual Group	NSW	\$2,701,900,000	\$1,384,400,000	\$1,317,500,000
23	RACV	VIC	\$2,663,800,000	\$735,700,000	\$1,928,100,000
24	Police Bank	NSW	\$2,462,600,000	\$2,248,300,000	\$214,300,000
25	RAC WA	WA	\$2,413,468,000	\$1,406,825,000	\$1,006,643,000
26	NRMA	NSW	\$2,058,652,000	\$972,624,000	\$1,086,028,000
27	HBF Health	WA	\$2,055,900,000	\$669,300,000	\$1,386,600,000
28	Catholic Church Insurance Limited (CCI)	VIC	\$1,779,515,000	\$1,491,487,000	\$288,028,000
29	Sydney Credit Union	NSW	\$1,778,057,000	\$1,591,334,000	\$186,723,000
30	Hume Bank	NSW	\$1,618,442,000	\$1,522,522,000	\$95,920,000
31	Australian Military Bank (Australian Defence Credit Union)	NSW	\$1,605,318,000	\$1,502,448,000	\$102,870,000
32	Unity Bank (formerly Maritime, Mining & Power Credit Union)	NSW	\$1,587,202,000	\$1,459,579,000	\$127,623,000
33	G&C Mutual Bank / Quay Mutual Bank (Quay Credit Union Ltd)	NSW	\$1,532,555,000	\$1,403,291,000	\$129,264,000
34	Credit Union SA Ltd	SA	\$1,401,846,000	\$1,290,182,000	\$111,664,000
35	Gateway Credit Union	NSW	\$1,381,190,000	\$1,265,042,000	\$116,148,000
36	BankofUs (formerly B&E Personal Banking)	TAS	\$1,361,684,912	\$1,275,091,314	\$86,593,598
37	Community First Credit Union	NSW	\$1,287,524,000	\$1,183,003,000	\$104,521,000
38	Police Credit Union Limited	SA	\$1,190,170,000	\$1,084,304,000	\$105,866,000

Rank	Name	State	Assets (AUD \$)	Liabilities (AUD \$)	Equity (AUD \$)
39	CEHL (Common Equity Housing Ltd)	VIC	\$1,186,931,314	\$97,639,781	\$1,089,291,533
40	Community Alliance Credit Union	NSW	\$1,055,525,000	\$1,003,876,000	\$51,649,000
41	Summerland Credit Union Limited	NSW	\$1,030,918,000	\$957,562,000	\$73,356,000
42	Australian Scholarship Group Friendly Society	VIC	\$1,024,763,000	\$923,682,000	\$105,852,000
43	Maitland Mutual Building Society Ltd	NSW	\$1,010,687,000	\$949,521,000	\$61,436,000
44	QBank Limited (formerly Queensland Police Credit Union Ltd)	QLD	\$967,484,000	\$879,578,000	\$87,906,000
45	RAA SA	SA	\$835,376,000	\$567,426,000	\$267,950,000
46	Southern Cross Credit Union Ltd	NSW	\$817,759,000	\$752,442,000	\$65,317,000
47	Coastline Credit Union Ltd	NSW	\$797,880,000	\$742,925,000	\$54,955,000
48	Teachers Health Fund	NSW	\$759,487,000	\$292,335,000	\$467,152,000
49	MOVE Bank (Formerly Railways Credit Union)	QLD	\$682,487,856	\$612,444,317	\$70,043,539
50	Murrumbidgee Irrigation Limited	NSW	\$662,644,000	\$88,330,000	\$574,314,000
51	WAW Credit Union Co-operative	VIC	\$656,899,221	\$617,119,326	\$39,779,895
52	Medical Indemnity Protection Society Ltd (MIPS)	VIC	\$646,486,000	\$328,252,000	\$318,234,000
53	Horizon Credit Union Ltd	NSW	\$646,285,000	\$604,048,000	\$42,237,000
54	GMHBA Limited	VIC	\$614,291,000	\$307,896,000	\$306,395,000
55	Capricorn Society Ltd	WA	\$613,933,000	\$316,193,000	\$297,740,000
56	EML (formerly Employers Mutual Ltd)	NSW	\$610,701,000	\$425,664,000	\$185,037,000
57	StateCover Mutual Ltd	NSW	\$558,414,000	\$414,967,000	\$143,447,000
58	Over Fifty Guardian Friendly Society Limited	VIC	\$540,412,000	\$538,178,000	\$2,234,000
59	Goulburn Murray Credit Union Co-Operative Ltd	VIC	\$535,654,445	\$481,319,272	\$54,335,173
60	Australian Settlements Ltd	NSW	\$535,562,344	\$518,605,206	\$16,957,138
61	Murray Irrigation Limited	NSW	\$500,943,000	\$15,838,000	\$485,105,000
62	MDA National	WA	\$490,402,000	\$353,371,000	\$137,031,000
63	Medical Defence Association of South Australia Limited	SA	\$463,786,000	\$304,511,000	\$159,275,000
64	CBHS Health Fund Limited	NSW	\$436,851,000	\$207,045,000	\$229,806,000
65	Northern Inland Credit Union Ltd	NSW	\$429,539,289	\$386,748,306	\$42,790,983
66	Lawcover Pty Ltd	NSW	\$413,821,000	\$266,491,000	\$147,330
67	Warwick Credit Union Ltd	QLD	\$404,127,325	\$375,001,653	\$29,125,672
68	The Capricornian Ltd	QLD	\$400,554,863	\$373,826,288	\$26,728,575
69	Foresters Friendly Society Ltd (Ancient Order of Foresters in Victoria Friendly Society)	VIC	\$398,105,784	\$390,268,264	\$7,837,520
70	Macarthur Credit Union Ltd	NSW	\$370,154,478	\$343,883,560	\$26,270,918
71	Royal Automobile Club of Tasmania	TAS	\$359,721,000	\$204,730,000	\$154,991,000
72	UniMutual	NSW	\$313,831,214	\$308,662,415	\$5,168,799
73	Orange Credit Union Ltd	NSW	\$294,623,737	\$267,113,285	\$27,510,452
74	Central Irrigation Trust (SA)	SA	\$277,812,000	\$6,433,000	\$271,380,000
75	Key Invest Ltd	SA	\$273,020,006	\$246,969,691	\$26,050,315
76	APS Benefits Group	VIC	\$268,886,195	\$263,428,223	\$5,457,972
77	First Option Credit Union Ltd	VIC	\$264,240,775	\$248,027,121	\$16,213,654
78	South West Slopes Credit Union Ltd	NSW	\$259,096,000	\$235,384,000	\$23,712,000

Rank	Name	State	Assets (AUD \$)	Liabilities (AUD \$)	Equity (AUD \$)
79	Health Partners Ltd	SA	\$249,877,000	\$68,293,000	\$181,584,000
80	Central West Credit Union Ltd	NSW	\$247,340,000	\$225,343,000	\$21,997,000
81	Laboratories Credit Union Ltd	NSW	\$246,365,670	\$229,825,600	\$16,540,070
82	Westfund Health Ltd	NSW	\$245,965,000	\$68,415,000	\$177,550,000
83	Latrobe Health Services Ltd	VIC	\$241,648,993	\$73,218,138	\$168,430,855
84	Coleambally Irrigation Co-operative Ltd	NSW	\$235,954,000	\$6,649,000	\$229,305,000
85	Dnister Ukrainian Credit Co-operative Ltd	VIC	\$233,739,000	\$207,624,000	\$26,115,000
86	International Buddhist Association of Australia Co- operative Ltd	NSW	\$218,788,472	\$7,564,473	\$211,223,999
87	Family First Credit Union Ltd	NSW	\$215,688,463	\$201,012,359	\$14,676,104
88	Norco Co-operative Ltd	NSW	\$214,306,000	\$142,602,000	\$61,205,000
89	Ford Co-Operative Credit Society Ltd	VIC	\$205,780,000	\$192,206,000	\$13,574,000
90	Queensland Teachers Union Health Fund	QLD	\$190,029,581	\$41,977,802	\$148,051,779
91	Capricorn Mutual Limited	WA	\$175,023,000	\$147,674,000	\$27,349,000
92	WA Meat Marketing Co-operative Ltd	WA	\$164,394,000	\$56,867,000	\$107,527,000
93	Peoplecare Health Insurance	NSW	\$162,512,838	\$56,626,713	\$105,886,125
94	Northern Co-operative Meat Co. Ltd	NSW	\$160,482,000	\$80,139,000	\$80,342,000
95	St Luke's Medical & Hospital Benefits Association Ltd	TAS	\$155,519,296	\$48,382,118	\$107,137,178
96	Health Insurance Fund of Australia	WA	\$149,892,408	\$59,522,173	\$90,370,235
97	Friendly Society Medical Association Limited (National Pharmacies)	SA	\$149,793,000	\$85,663,000	\$64,130,000
98	Navy Health Ltd	VIC	\$149,666,654	\$46,008,717	\$103,657,937
99	Woolworths Team Bank	NSW	\$144,754,548	\$135,270,969	\$9,483,579
100	AlmondCo Ltd	SA	\$144,615,000	\$96,466,000	\$48,149,000

Notes to Table:

- 1. This list contains businesses ranked by total assets not turnover and includes several firms that did not appear in the Top 100 lists by turnover (Appendix A), while some of the firms listed there do not appear in this list.
- 2. Financial information has been sourced in most cases from company annual reports, and where that has not been available from IBISWorld industry reports. All care has been taken to ensure the accuracy of this data; however, it is possible that some information may be incorrect.

APPENDIX D: TOP 100 AUSTRALIAN CME BY MEMBERSHIP FY2021/22

2 NRMA NSW 2,770,000 3 RACV YIC 2,177,000 4 Sunsuper QLD 2,098,200 5 Retall Employee's Superannuation Trust (REST) NSW 1,923,357 6 Hospital Contribution Fund (HCF) NSW 1,875,685 7 RACQ QLD 1,757,484 8 HOSTPUS YIC 1,596,951 9 RAC WA WA 1,200,000 10 Aware Super NSW 1,134,674 11 Health Employee's Superannuation Trust Australia (HESTA) YIC 2,900,000 12 Health Employee's Superannuation (EBUS) YIC 368,215 13 Construction & Building Superannuation (EBUS) YIC 360,000 15 UniSuper YIC 382,012 16 Credit Union Australia (CUA) QLD 382,012 17 Australian Unity YIC 384,000 18 GMHBA Umited YIC 334,430 19 MTAA Superannuatio	Rank	Name	State	Members
3 RACV VIC 2,175,000 4 Sunsuper QLD 2,098,200 5 Retall Employee's Superannuation Trust (REST) NSW 1,923,357 6 Hospital Contribution Fund (HCF) NSW 1,876,685 7 RACQ QLD 1,775,448 8 HOSTPLUS VIC 1,596,951 9 RAC WA WA 1,000,000 10 Aware Super NSW 1,154,674 11 HBF Health WA 1,099,478 12 Health Employee's Superannuation Trust Australia (HESTA) VIC 368,215 13 Construction & Building Superannuation (CBUS) VIC 362,715 14 RAA SA SA 790,000 15 Unisuper VIC 325,795 16 Credit Union Australia (CUA) QLD 382,012 17 Australian Unity VIC 383,000 18 GMHBA Limited VIC 383,400 20 People's Choice Credit Union (Australian Centra	1	Australian Super	VIC	2,876,270
New Sunsuper	2	NRMA	NSW	2,770,000
5 Retail Employee's Superannuation Trust (REST) NSW 1,923,357 6 Hospital Contribution Fund (HCF) NSW 1,876,685 7 RACQ QLD 1,757,484 8 HOSTPLUS VIC 1,596,951 9 RAC WIA WA 1,200,000 10 Aware Super NSW 1,154,674 11 HeB Health WA 1,099,478 12 Health Employee's Superannuation Trust Australia (HESTA) VIC 968,215 13 Construction & Building Superannuation (CBUS) VIC 870,111 14 RAA SA \$A 790,000 15 UniSuper VIC 325,795 16 Credit Union Australia (CUA) QLD 380,000 18 SMHBA Limited VIC 334,430 19 MTAA Superannuation Fund ACT 331,045 20 People's Choice Credit Union (Australian Central CU) \$A 318,422 21 Newcastle Permanent NSW 200,000 22	3	RACV	VIC	2,177,000
6 Hospital Contribution Fund (HCF) NSW 1.876,685 7 RACQ QLD 1,757,484 8 HOSTPLUS VIC 1,596,951 9 RAC WA WA 1,200,000 10 Aware Super NSW 1,154,674 11 HBF Health WA 1,099,478 12 Health Employee's Superannuation Trust Australia (HESTA) VIC 958,215 13 Construction & Building Superannuation (CBUS) VIC 870,111 14 RAA SA SA 790,000 15 UniSuper VIC 382,012 16 Credit Union Australia (CUA) QLD 382,012 17 Australian Unity VIC 380,001 18 GMHBA Limited VIC 334,430 19 MTAA Superannuation Fund ACT 331,045 20 People's Choice Credit Union (Australian Central CU) SA 318,442 21 Newcastle Permanent NSW 279,409 22 V1AA Australi	4	Sunsuper	QLD	2,098,200
National Content	5	Retail Employee's Superannuation Trust (REST)	NSW	1,923,357
8 HOSTPLUS VIC 1,596,951 9 RAC WA WA 1,200,000 10 Aware Super NSW 1,154,674 11 HBF Health WA 1,099,478 12 Health Employee's Superannuation Trust Australia (HESTA) VIC 368,215 13 Construction & Building Superannuation (CBUS) VIC 370,111 14 RAA SA SA 790,000 15 Unisuper VIC 322,752 16 Credit Union Australia (CUA) QLD 382,012 17 Australian Unity VIC 334,430 18 GMHBA Limited VIC 334,430 19 MTAA Superannuation Fund ACT 331,045 20 People's Choice Credit Union (Australian Central CU) SA 318,442 21 Newcastle Permanent NSW 279,409 22 YHA Australia Ltd QLD 276,764 24 Greater Bank (tornerly Greater Building Society Ltd) NSW 235,512 <t< td=""><td>6</td><td>Hospital Contribution Fund (HCF)</td><td>NSW</td><td>1,876,685</td></t<>	6	Hospital Contribution Fund (HCF)	NSW	1,876,685
9 RAC WA WA 1,200,000 10 Aware Super NSW 1,154,674 11 HBF Health WA 1,099,478 12 Health Employee's Superannuation Trust Australia (HESTA) VIC 968,215 13 Construction & Building Superannuation (CBUS) VIC 870,111 14 RAA SA SA 790,000 15 UniSuper VIC 382,012 16 Credit Union Australia (CUA) QLD 382,012 17 Australian Unity VIC 380,000 18 GMHBA Limited VIC 330,452 20 People's Choice Credit Union (Australian Central CU) SA 318,442 21 Newcastle Permanent NSW 300,000 22 YHA Australial td NSW 279,409 23 Heritage Bank Ltd QLD 276,764 24 Greater Bank (formerly Greater Building Society Ltd) NSW 235,122 25 Beyond Bank SA 263,512 26	7	RACQ	QLD	1,757,484
NSW 1,154,675	8	HOSTPLUS	VIC	1,596,951
HBF Health	9	RAC WA	WA	1,200,000
12 Health Employee's Superannuation Trust Australia (HESTA) VIC 968,215 13 Construction & Building Superannuation (CBUS) VIC 870,111 14 RAA SA SA 790,000 15 UniSuper VIC 525,795 16 Credit Union Australia (CUA) QLD 382,012 17 Australian Unity VIC 380,000 18 GMHBA Limited VIC 334,430 19 MTAA Superannuation Fund ACT 331,045 20 People's Choice Credit Union (Australian Central CU) SA 318,442 21 Newcastle Permanent NSW 300,000 22 YHA Australia Ltd NSW 279,409 23 Heritage Bank Ltd QLD 276,764 24 Greater Bank (formerly Greater Building Society Ltd) NSW 272,724 25 Beyond Bank SA 263,512 26 Energy Super QLD 259,000 29 Teachers Mutual Bank Ltd NSW 233,000	10	Aware Super	NSW	1,154,674
New Construction & Building Superannuation (CBUS) VIC 870,111	11	HBF Health	WA	1,099,478
RAA SA SA 790,000	12	Health Employee's Superannuation Trust Australia (HESTA)	VIC	968,215
Mathematical Permanent Mathematical Perman	13	Construction & Building Superannuation (CBUS)	VIC	870,111
Credit Union Australia (CUA) QLD 382,012	14	RAA SA	SA	790,000
Australian Unity	15	UniSuper	VIC	525,795
18 GMHBA Limited VIC 334,430 19 MTAA Superannuation Fund ACT 331,432 20 People's Choice Credit Union (Australian Central CU) SA 318,442 21 Newcastle Permanent NSW 300,000 22 YHA Australia Ltd NSW 279,409 23 Heritage Bank Ltd QLD 276,764 24 Greater Bank (formerly Greater Building Society Ltd) NSW 272,724 25 Beyond Bank SA 263,512 26 Energy Super QLD 259,000 27 CBHS Health Fund Limited NSW 236,429 28 Friendly Society Medical Association Limited (National Pharmacies) SA 233,000 29 Teachers Mutual Bank Ltd NSW 230,344 30 CareSuper NSW 219,382 31 Royal Automobile Club of Tasmania TAS 210,169 32 IMB Limited NSW 288,000 33 Bank Australia VIC 184,288	16	Credit Union Australia (CUA)	QLD	382,012
19 MTAA Superannuation Fund ACT 331,045 20 People's Choice Credit Union (Australian Central CU) SA 318,442 21 Newcastle Permanent NSW 300,000 22 YHA Australia Ltd NSW 279,409 23 Heritage Bank Ltd QLD 276,764 24 Greater Bank (formerly Greater Building Society Ltd) NSW 272,724 25 Beyond Bank SA 263,512 26 Energy Super QLD 259,000 27 CBHS Health Fund Limited NSW 236,429 28 Friendly Society Medical Association Limited (National Pharmacies) SA 233,000 29 Teachers Mutual Bank Ltd NSW 230,344 30 CareSuper NSW 219,382 31 Royal Automobile Club of Tasmania TAS 210,169 32 IMB Limited NSW 208,000 33 Bank Australia VIC 184,288 34 Teachers Health Fund NSW 182,780	17	Australian Unity	VIC	380,000
20 People's Choice Credit Union (Australian Central CU) SA 318,442 21 Newcastle Permanent NSW 300,000 22 YHA Australia Ltd NSW 279,499 23 Heritage Bank Ltd QLD 276,764 24 Greater Bank (formerly Greater Building Society Ltd) NSW 272,724 25 Beyond Bank SA 263,512 26 Energy Super QLD 259,000 27 CBHS Health Fund Limited NSW 236,429 28 Friendly Society Medical Association Limited (National Pharmacies) SA 233,000 29 Teachers Mutual Bank Ltd NSW 230,344 30 CareSuper NSW 219,382 31 Royal Automobile Club of Tasmania TAS 210,169 32 IMB Limited NSW 208,000 33 Bank Australia VIC 184,288 34 Teachers Health Fund NSW 182,780 35 P&N Bank WA 164,138	18	GMHBA Limited	VIC	334,430
21 Newcastle Permanent NSW 300,000 22 YHA Australia Ltd NSW 279,409 23 Heritage Bank Ltd QLD 276,764 24 Greater Bank (formerly Greater Building Society Ltd) NSW 272,724 25 Beyond Bank SA 263,512 26 Energy Super QLD 259,000 27 CBHS Health Fund Limited NSW 236,429 28 Friendly Society Medical Association Limited (National Pharmacies) SA 233,000 29 Teachers Mutual Bank Ltd NSW 230,344 30 CareSuper NSW 219,382 31 Royal Automobile Club of Tasmania TAS 210,169 32 IMB Limited NSW 208,000 33 Bank Australia VIC 184,288 34 Teachers Health Fund NSW 182,780 35 P&N Bank WA 164,138 36 Statewide Super SA 158,683 37 Equipsu	19	MTAA Superannuation Fund	ACT	331,045
22 YHA Australia Ltd NSW 279,409 23 Heritage Bank Ltd QLD 276,764 24 Greater Bank (formerly Greater Building Society Ltd) NSW 272,724 25 Beyond Bank SA 263,512 26 Energy Super QLD 259,000 27 CBHS Health Fund Limited NSW 236,429 28 Friendly Society Medical Association Limited (National Pharmacies) SA 233,000 29 Teachers Mutual Bank Ltd NSW 230,344 30 CareSuper NSW 219,382 31 Royal Automobile Club of Tasmania TAS 210,169 32 IMB Limited NSW 208,000 33 Bank Australia VIC 184,288 34 Teachers Health Fund NSW 182,780 35 P&N Bank WA 164,138 36 Statewide Super SA 158,683 37 Equipsuper VIC 150,117 38 Prime Super	20	People's Choice Credit Union (Australian Central CU)	SA	318,442
23 Heritage Bank Ltd QLD 276,764 24 Greater Bank (formerly Greater Building Society Ltd) NSW 272,724 25 Beyond Bank SA 263,512 26 Energy Super QLD 259,000 27 CBHS Health Fund Limited NSW 236,429 28 Friendly Society Medical Association Limited (National Pharmacies) SA 233,000 29 Teachers Mutual Bank Ltd NSW 230,344 30 CareSuper NSW 219,382 31 Royal Automobile Club of Tasmania TAS 210,169 32 IMB Limited NSW 208,000 33 Bank Australia VIC 184,288 34 Teachers Health Fund NSW 182,780 35 P&N Bank WA 164,138 36 Statewide Super SA 158,683 37 Equipsuper VIC 150,117 38 Prime Super NSW 133,058 39 LUCRF Super	21	Newcastle Permanent	NSW	300,000
24 Greater Bank (formerly Greater Building Society Ltd) NSW 272,724 25 Beyond Bank SA 263,512 26 Energy Super QLD 259,000 27 CBHS Health Fund Limited NSW 236,429 28 Friendly Society Medical Association Limited (National Pharmacies) SA 233,000 29 Teachers Mutual Bank Ltd NSW 230,344 30 CareSuper NSW 219,382 31 Royal Automobile Club of Tasmania TAS 210,169 32 IMB Limited NSW 208,000 33 Bank Australia VIC 184,288 34 Teachers Health Fund NSW 182,780 35 P&N Bank WA 164,138 36 Statewide Super SA 158,683 37 Equipsuper VIC 150,117 38 Prime Super NSW 133,254 39 LUCRF Super VIC 133,058 <td>22</td> <td>YHA Australia Ltd</td> <td>NSW</td> <td>279,409</td>	22	YHA Australia Ltd	NSW	279,409
25 Beyond Bank SA 263,512 26 Energy Super QLD 259,000 27 CBHS Health Fund Limited NSW 236,429 28 Friendly Society Medical Association Limited (National Pharmacies) SA 233,000 29 Teachers Mutual Bank Ltd NSW 230,344 30 CareSuper NSW 219,382 31 Royal Automobile Club of Tasmania TAS 210,169 32 IMB Limited NSW 208,000 33 Bank Australia VIC 184,288 34 Teachers Health Fund NSW 182,780 35 P&N Bank WA 164,138 36 Statewide Super SA 158,683 37 Equipsuper VIC 150,117 38 Prime Super NSW 133,254 39 LUCRF Super VIC 133,058	23	Heritage Bank Ltd	QLD	276,764
26 Energy Super QLD 259,000 27 CBHS Health Fund Limited NSW 236,429 28 Friendly Society Medical Association Limited (National Pharmacies) SA 233,000 29 Teachers Mutual Bank Ltd NSW 230,344 30 CareSuper NSW 219,382 31 Royal Automobile Club of Tasmania TAS 210,169 32 IMB Limited NSW 208,000 33 Bank Australia VIC 184,288 34 Teachers Health Fund NSW 182,780 35 P&N Bank WA 164,138 36 Statewide Super SA 158,683 37 Equipsuper VIC 150,117 38 Prime Super NSW 133,254 39 LUCRF Super VIC 133,058	24	Greater Bank (formerly Greater Building Society Ltd)	NSW	272,724
27 CBHS Health Fund Limited NSW 236,429 28 Friendly Society Medical Association Limited (National Pharmacies) SA 233,000 29 Teachers Mutual Bank Ltd NSW 230,344 30 CareSuper NSW 219,382 31 Royal Automobile Club of Tasmania TAS 210,169 32 IMB Limited NSW 208,000 33 Bank Australia VIC 184,288 34 Teachers Health Fund NSW 182,780 35 P&N Bank WA 164,138 36 Statewide Super SA 158,683 37 Equipsuper VIC 150,117 38 Prime Super NSW 133,058 39 LUCRF Super VIC 133,058	25	Beyond Bank	SA	263,512
28 Friendly Society Medical Association Limited (National Pharmacies) SA 233,000 29 Teachers Mutual Bank Ltd NSW 230,344 30 CareSuper NSW 219,382 31 Royal Automobile Club of Tasmania TAS 210,169 32 IMB Limited NSW 208,000 33 Bank Australia VIC 184,288 34 Teachers Health Fund NSW 182,780 35 P&N Bank WA 164,138 36 Statewide Super SA 158,683 37 Equipsuper VIC 150,117 38 Prime Super NSW 133,058 39 LUCRF Super VIC 133,058	26	Energy Super	QLD	259,000
28 Friendly Society Medical Association Limited (National Pharmacies) SA 233,000 29 Teachers Mutual Bank Ltd NSW 230,344 30 CareSuper NSW 219,382 31 Royal Automobile Club of Tasmania TAS 210,169 32 IMB Limited NSW 208,000 33 Bank Australia VIC 184,288 34 Teachers Health Fund NSW 182,780 35 P&N Bank WA 164,138 36 Statewide Super SA 158,683 37 Equipsuper VIC 150,117 38 Prime Super NSW 133,254 39 LUCRF Super VIC 133,058	27	CBHS Health Fund Limited	NSW	236,429
30 CareSuper NSW 219,382 31 Royal Automobile Club of Tasmania TAS 210,169 32 IMB Limited NSW 208,000 33 Bank Australia VIC 184,288 34 Teachers Health Fund NSW 182,780 35 P&N Bank WA 164,138 36 Statewide Super SA 158,683 37 Equipsuper VIC 150,117 38 Prime Super NSW 133,254 39 LUCRF Super VIC 133,058	28	Friendly Society Medical Association Limited (National Pharmacies)	SA	233,000
StateSuper 31 Royal Automobile Club of Tasmania TAS 210,169 32 IMB Limited NSW 208,000 33 Bank Australia VIC 184,288 34 Teachers Health Fund NSW 182,780 35 P&N Bank WA 164,138 36 Statewide Super SA 158,683 37 Equipsuper VIC 150,117 38 Prime Super NSW 133,254 39 LUCRF Super VIC 133,058	29	Teachers Mutual Bank Ltd	NSW	230,344
32 IMB Limited NSW 210,105 33 Bank Australia VIC 184,288 34 Teachers Health Fund NSW 182,780 35 P&N Bank WA 164,138 36 Statewide Super SA 158,683 37 Equipsuper VIC 150,117 38 Prime Super NSW 133,254 39 LUCRF Super VIC 133,058	30	CareSuper	NSW	219,382
33 Bank Australia VIC 184,288 34 Teachers Health Fund NSW 182,780 35 P&N Bank WA 164,138 36 Statewide Super SA 158,683 37 Equipsuper VIC 150,117 38 Prime Super NSW 133,254 39 LUCRF Super VIC 133,058	31	Royal Automobile Club of Tasmania	TAS	210,169
34 Teachers Health Fund NSW 182,780 35 P&N Bank WA 164,138 36 Statewide Super SA 158,683 37 Equipsuper VIC 150,117 38 Prime Super NSW 133,254 39 LUCRF Super VIC 133,058	32	IMB Limited	NSW	208,000
35 P&N Bank WA 164,138 36 Statewide Super SA 158,683 37 Equipsuper VIC 150,117 38 Prime Super NSW 133,254 39 LUCRF Super VIC 133,058	33	Bank Australia	VIC	184,288
36 Statewide Super SA 158,683 37 Equipsuper VIC 150,117 38 Prime Super NSW 133,254 39 LUCRF Super VIC 133,058	34	Teachers Health Fund	NSW	182,780
37 Equipsuper VIC 150,117 38 Prime Super NSW 133,254 39 LUCRF Super VIC 133,058	35	P&N Bank	WA	164,138
38 Prime Super NSW 133,254 39 LUCRF Super VIC 133,058	36	Statewide Super	SA	158,683
39 LUCRF Super VIC 133,058	37	Equipsuper	VIC	150,117
100 N 30 PC 133,030	38	Prime Super	NSW	133,254
40 Westfund Health Ltd NSW 132,798	39	LUCRF Super	VIC	133,058
	40	Westfund Health Ltd	NSW	132,798

41 Otway Wine Co-operative Ltd VIC 42 BankVic (formerly Police Credit) VIC 43 Queensland Country Bank Ltd. QLD 44 NGS Super Pty Ltd NSW 45 Health Insurance Fund of Australia WA 46 TWU Super NSW 47 Health Partners Ltd SA 48 Latrobe Health Services Ltd VIC 49 Bank First (formerly Victoria Teachers Mutual Bank) VIC 50 Intrust Super Fund QLD 51 Qudos Bank (formerly QANTAS Credit Union) NSW 52 Local Government Super 53 Foresters Friendly Society Ltd (Ancient Order of Foresters in Victoria Friendly Society) VIC 54 Australian Catholic Superannuation and Retirement Fund NSW 55 Vision Super Pty Ltd VIC 56 St Luke's Medical & Hospital Benefits Association Ltd TAS 57 Avant Mutual Group NSW 58 Queensland Teachers Union Health Fund QLD 59 Police Health 50 Defence Bank NSW 60 Defence Bank NSW 61 Police Bank NSW 62 Media Super VIC 63 Peoplecare Health Insurance NSW 65 Suldiding Unions Superannuation Scheme (Qld) (BUSSQ) QLD 66 Sydney Credit Union NSW 67 AMIST Super NSW 68 Mine Super NSW 69 Australian Scholarship Group Friendly Society 70 Community First Credit Union 71 Credit Unions At Ltd	123,791 119,015 114,630 111,674 103,104 98,929 96,209 91,940 91,000 89,879 86,844
Queensland Country Bank Ltd. QLD 44 NGS Super Pty Ltd ANSW 45 Health Insurance Fund of Australia WA 46 TWU Super NSW 47 Health Partners Ltd ASA 48 Latrobe Health Services Ltd VIC 49 Bank First (formerly Victoria Teachers Mutual Bank) VIC 50 Intrust Super Fund QLD 51 Qudos Bank (formerly QANTAS Credit Union) NSW 52 Local Government Super NSW 53 Foresters Friendly Society Ltd (Ancient Order of Foresters in Victoria Friendly Society) VIC 54 Australian Catholic Superannuation and Retirement Fund NSW 55 Vision Super Pty Ltd VIC 56 St Luke's Medical & Hospital Benefits Association Ltd TAS 57 Avant Mutual Group NSW 58 Queensland Teachers Union Health Fund QLD 59 Police Health SA 60 Defence Bank VIC 61 Police Bank NSW 62 Media Super VIC 63 Peoplecare Health Insurance 64 Regional Australia Bank NSW 65 Building Unions Superannuation Scheme (Qld) (BUSSQ) 66 Sydney Credit Union NSW 67 AMIST Super NSW Australian Scholarship Group Friendly Society VIC Community First Credit Union NSW Australian Scholarship Group Friendly Society VIC Community First Credit Union NSW	114,630 111,674 103,104 98,929 96,209 91,940 91,000 90,000 89,879 86,844
NSSW Health Insurance Fund of Australia WA Health Partners Ltd SA Latrobe Health Services Ltd VIC Bank First (formerly Victoria Teachers Mutual Bank) VIC Judos Bank (formerly QANTAS Credit Union) SSW Coal Government Super NSW Local Government Super NSW Australian Catholic Superannuation and Retirement Fund NSW St Luke's Medical & Hospital Benefits Association Ltd Lucal Group Police Health Auant Mutual Group Police Health Police Bank NSW Audis Super Media Super Media Super Media Super Missu Media Super NSW Mine Super NSW NSW Mine Super NSW Mine Super NSW NSW Mine Super NSW Mine Super NSW NSW Mine Super NSW NSW Mine Super NSW Mine	111,674 103,104 98,929 96,209 91,940 91,000 90,000 89,879 86,844
Health Insurance Fund of Australia WA 46 TWU Super NSW 47 Health Partners Ltd SA 48 Latrobe Health Services Ltd VIC 49 Bank First (formerly Victoria Teachers Mutual Bank) VIC 50 Intrust Super Fund QLD 51 Qudos Bank (formerly QANTAS Credit Union) NSW 52 Local Government Super NSW 53 Foresters Friendly Society Ltd (Ancient Order of Foresters in Victoria Friendly Society) VIC 54 Australian Catholic Superannuation and Retirement Fund NSW 55 Vision Super Pty Ltd VIC 56 St Luke's Medical & Hospital Benefits Association Ltd TAS 57 Avant Mutual Group NSW 58 Queensland Teachers Union Health Fund QLD 59 Police Health SA 60 Defence Bank VIC 61 Police Bank NSW 62 Media Super VIC 63 Peoplecare Health Insurance NSW 64 Regional Australia Bank NSW 65 Building Unions Superannuation Scheme (Qld) (BUSSQ) QLD 66 Sydney Credit Union NSW 67 AMIST Super NSW 68 Mine Super NSW 69 Australian Scholarship Group Friendly Society VIC 70 Community First Credit Union NSW	103,104 98,929 96,209 91,940 91,000 90,000 89,879 86,844
TWU Super TWU Super TWU Super Health Partners Ltd AB Latrobe Health Services Ltd VIC Bank First (formerly Victoria Teachers Mutual Bank) VIC DITURE Super Fund Local Government Super Local Government Super Toesters Friendly Society Ltd (Ancient Order of Foresters in Victoria Friendly Society) VIC Australian Catholic Superannuation and Retirement Fund NSW Vision Super Pty Ltd VIC St Luke's Medical & Hospital Benefits Association Ltd TAS Avant Mutual Group NSW Queensland Teachers Union Health Fund QLD Police Health AB Defence Bank VIC Police Bank NSW Australian Super VIC Bank Regional Australia Bank NSW AR Regional Australia Bank NSW AMIST Super NSW Australian Scholarship Group Friendly Society VIC Community First Credit Union NSW Australian Scholarship Group Friendly Society VIC Community First Credit Union NSW	98,929 96,209 91,940 91,000 90,000 89,879 86,844
Health Partners Ltd AR Health Partners Ltd AR Latrobe Health Services Ltd VIC Bank First (formerly Victoria Teachers Mutual Bank) Intrust Super Fund QLD Qudos Bank (formerly QANTAS Credit Union) NSW Local Government Super NSW Foresters Friendly Society Ltd (Ancient Order of Foresters in Victoria Friendly Society) VIC Australian Catholic Superannuation and Retirement Fund NSW SS Vision Super Pty Ltd VIC St Luke's Medical & Hospital Benefits Association Ltd TAS Avant Mutual Group NSW Queensland Teachers Union Health Fund QLD Police Health SA Queensland Teachers Union Health Fund QLD Police Bank NSW Audia Super VIC Media Super VIC SB Building Unions Superannuation Scheme (Qld) (BUSSQ) AMIST Super NSW AMIST Super NSW Australian Scholarship Group Friendly Society VIC Community First Credit Union NSW	96,209 91,940 91,000 90,000 89,879 86,844
48 Latrobe Health Services Ltd VIC 49 Bank First (formerly Victoria Teachers Mutual Bank) VIC 50 Intrust Super Fund QLD 51 Qudos Bank (formerly QANTAS Credit Union) NSW 52 Local Government Super NSW 53 Foresters Friendly Society Ltd (Ancient Order of Foresters in Victoria Friendly Society) VIC 54 Australian Catholic Superannuation and Retirement Fund NSW 55 Vision Super Pty Ltd VIC 56 St Luke's Medical & Hospital Benefits Association Ltd TAS 57 Avant Mutual Group NSW 58 Queensland Teachers Union Health Fund QLD 59 Police Health SA 60 Defence Bank VIC 61 Police Bank NSW 62 Media Super VIC 63 Peoplecare Health Insurance NSW 64 Regional Australia Bank NSW 65 Building Unions Superannuation Scheme (Qld) (BUSSQ) QLD 66 Sydney Credit Union NSW 67 AMIST Super NSW 68 Mine Super NSW 69 Australian Scholarship Group Friendly Society VIC 70 Community First Credit Union NSW	91,940 91,000 90,000 89,879 86,844
Bank First (formerly Victoria Teachers Mutual Bank) VIC 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	91,000 90,000 89,879 86,844
Solitor State St	90,000 89,879 86,844
St Luke's Medical & Hospital Benefits Association Ltd TAS Queensland Teachers Union Health Fund QLD Police Bank Police Bank Police Bank Regional Australia Bank Sw Mine Super Sydney Credit Union Sydney Credit Union Australia Bank Sydney Credit Union Sydney Credit Union Australian Scholarship Group Friendly Society Sydney Credit Union Australian Scholarship Group Friendly Society VIC St Luke's Medical & Hospital Benefits Association Ltd TAS TAS St Luke's Medical & Hospital Benefits Association Ltd TAS NSW NSW NSW NSW St Useensland Teachers Union Health Fund QLD Police Health SA Cueensland Teachers Union Health Fund VIC Sydney Credit Union NSW Sydney Credit Union NSW Australian Scholarship Group Friendly Society VIC Community First Credit Union NSW	89,879 86,844
Local Government Super Society Ltd (Ancient Order of Foresters in Victoria Friendly Society) ViC Australian Catholic Superannuation and Retirement Fund NSW St Vision Super Pty Ltd ViC St Luke's Medical & Hospital Benefits Association Ltd TAS Avant Mutual Group NSW Regional Teachers Union Health Fund QLD Defence Bank ViC Defence Bank NSW Audia Super Vic Augical Super Vic Superannuation Superannuation Scheme (Qld) (BUSSQ) Augical Australia Bank Mine Super NSW Australian Scholarship Group Friendly Society Vic Community First Credit Union NSW	86,844
Foresters Friendly Society Ltd (Ancient Order of Foresters in Victoria Friendly Society) 75	
Australian Catholic Superannuation and Retirement Fund NSW St Vision Super Pty Ltd VIC St Luke's Medical & Hospital Benefits Association Ltd TAS Avant Mutual Group NSW Regional Australia Bank Regional Australia Bank Sydney Credit Union MSW Australian Catholic Superannuation and Retirement Fund NSW NSW NSW NSW Regional Australia Bank NSW AMIST Super NSW Australian Scholarship Group Friendly Society VIC Community First Credit Union NSW Community First Credit Union NSW NSW NSW NSW NSW NSW NSW NS	0.000
Vision Super Pty Ltd VIC 56 St Luke's Medical & Hospital Benefits Association Ltd TAS 57 Avant Mutual Group NSW 58 Queensland Teachers Union Health Fund QLD 59 Police Health SA 60 Defence Bank VIC 61 Police Bank NSW 62 Media Super VIC 63 Peoplecare Health Insurance NSW 64 Regional Australia Bank NSW 65 Building Unions Superannuation Scheme (Qld) (BUSSQ) QLD 66 Sydney Credit Union NSW 67 AMIST Super NSW 68 Mine Super NSW 69 Australian Scholarship Group Friendly Society VIC 70 Community First Credit Union NSW	86,000
56 St Luke's Medical & Hospital Benefits Association Ltd 57 Avant Mutual Group 58 Queensland Teachers Union Health Fund 59 Police Health 50 Defence Bank 60 Defence Bank 61 Police Bank 62 Media Super 63 Peoplecare Health Insurance 64 Regional Australia Bank 65 Building Unions Superannuation Scheme (Qld) (BUSSQ) 66 Sydney Credit Union 67 AMIST Super 68 Mine Super NSW 69 Australian Scholarship Group Friendly Society 70 Community First Credit Union NSW	84,623
57 Avant Mutual Group NSW 58 Queensland Teachers Union Health Fund QLD 59 Police Health SA 60 Defence Bank VIC 61 Police Bank NSW 62 Media Super VIC 63 Peoplecare Health Insurance NSW 64 Regional Australia Bank NSW 65 Building Unions Superannuation Scheme (Qld) (BUSSQ) QLD 66 Sydney Credit Union NSW 67 AMIST Super NSW 68 Mine Super NSW 69 Australian Scholarship Group Friendly Society VIC 70 Community First Credit Union NSW	83,741
See Queensland Teachers Union Health Fund QLD 59 Police Health SA 60 Defence Bank VIC 61 Police Bank NSW 62 Media Super VIC 63 Peoplecare Health Insurance NSW 64 Regional Australia Bank NSW 65 Building Unions Superannuation Scheme (Qld) (BUSSQ) CF AMIST Super NSW 66 AMIST Super NSW 68 Mine Super Australian Scholarship Group Friendly Society VIC 70 Community First Credit Union NSW	82,699
For a police Health For a police Health For a police Bank For a pol	82,000
60 Defence Bank VIC 61 Police Bank NSW 62 Media Super VIC 63 Peoplecare Health Insurance NSW 64 Regional Australia Bank NSW 65 Building Unions Superannuation Scheme (Qld) (BUSSQ) QLD 66 Sydney Credit Union NSW 67 AMIST Super NSW 68 Mine Super NSW 69 Australian Scholarship Group Friendly Society VIC 70 Community First Credit Union NSW	78,726
61 Police Bank NSW 62 Media Super VIC 63 Peoplecare Health Insurance NSW 64 Regional Australia Bank NSW 65 Building Unions Superannuation Scheme (Qld) (BUSSQ) QLD 66 Sydney Credit Union NSW 67 AMIST Super NSW 68 Mine Super NSW 69 Australian Scholarship Group Friendly Society VIC 70 Community First Credit Union NSW	78,575
62 Media Super VIC 63 Peoplecare Health Insurance NSW 64 Regional Australia Bank NSW 65 Building Unions Superannuation Scheme (Qld) (BUSSQ) QLD 66 Sydney Credit Union NSW 67 AMIST Super NSW 68 Mine Super NSW 69 Australian Scholarship Group Friendly Society VIC 70 Community First Credit Union NSW	76,470
Peoplecare Health Insurance Regional Australia Bank Sydney Credit Union AMIST Super Mine Super Australian Scholarship Group Friendly Society NSW NSW NSW NSW NSW NSW NSW NS	76,470
64 Regional Australia Bank NSW 65 Building Unions Superannuation Scheme (Qld) (BUSSQ) QLD 66 Sydney Credit Union NSW 67 AMIST Super NSW 68 Mine Super NSW 69 Australian Scholarship Group Friendly Society VIC 70 Community First Credit Union NSW	72,401
65 Building Unions Superannuation Scheme (Qld) (BUSSQ) QLD 66 Sydney Credit Union NSW 67 AMIST Super NSW 68 Mine Super NSW 69 Australian Scholarship Group Friendly Society VIC 70 Community First Credit Union NSW	71,055
66 Sydney Credit Union NSW 67 AMIST Super NSW 68 Mine Super NSW 69 Australian Scholarship Group Friendly Society VIC 70 Community First Credit Union NSW	70,000
67 AMIST Super NSW 68 Mine Super NSW 69 Australian Scholarship Group Friendly Society VIC 70 Community First Credit Union NSW	69,617
68 Mine Super NSW 69 Australian Scholarship Group Friendly Society VIC 70 Community First Credit Union NSW	67,653
69 Australian Scholarship Group Friendly Society VIC 70 Community First Credit Union NSW	62,719
70 Community First Credit Union NSW	58,538
74	56,000
71 Credit Union SA Ltd	54,742
Great official street	53,000
72 UFS Dispensaries Ltd VIC	51,708
73 Navy Health Ltd VIC	51,028
74 Hume Bank NSW	50,895
75 Medical Indemnity Protection Society Ltd (MIPS) VIC	50,791
76 First Super VIC	47,087
77 Australian Military Bank (Australian Defence Credit Union) NSW	
78 Legalsuper VIC	41,901
79 Police Credit Union Limited SA	41,901 41,493
80 Cowboys Leagues Club Limited QLD	
81 Unity Bank (formerly Maritime, Mining & Power Credit Union) NSW	41,493

Rank	Name	State	Members
82	MDA National	WA	37,978
83	Medical Defence Association of South Australia Limited	SA	36,000
84	Mildura District Hospital Fund Ltd	VIC	35,751
85	BankofUs (formerly B&E Personal Banking)	TAS	32,400
86	APS Benefits Group	VIC	31,314
87	Sureplan Friendly Society Ltd	QLD	30,447
88	Employsure Mutual Ltd	ACT	30,242
89	Christian Super	NSW	30,051
90	Gateway Credit Union	NSW	30,000
91	Key Invest Ltd	SA	30,000
92	Railway and Transport Health Fund (RT Health)	NSW	28,189
93	Summerland Credit Union Limited	NSW	26,000
94	Capricorn Society Ltd	WA	25,000
95	The Coota District Co-op Ltd	NSW	24,905
96	Phoenix Health Fund	NSW	24,613
97	WAW Credit Union Co-operative	VIC	24,543
98	REI Super	VIC	23,868
99	Lawcover Pty Ltd	NSW	22,701
100	Maritime Super	NSW	22,692

Notes to Table:

1. Not all CMEs make their membership numbers publicly available. This list has been compiled using data sourced from their websites, annual reports, and secondary sources such as IBISWorld. In some cases, these figures may represent an estimate of numbers by the source.

About the author:

Tim Mazzarol is a Winthrop Professor and Senior Honorary Research Fellow in Entrepreneurship, Innovation, Marketing and Strategy at the University of Western Australia and an affiliate Professor with the Burgundy School of Business, Groupe ESC Dijon, Bourgogne, France. He is also the Director of the Centre for Entrepreneurial Management and Innovation (CEMI), an independent initiative designed to enhance awareness of entrepreneurship, innovation, and small business management, and the Co-ordinator of the Co-operative Enterprise Research Unit (CERU) at UWA. Tim is also a Qualified Professional Researcher (QPR) as recognised by the Australian Research Society (ARS), and a founder Director of the Commercialisation Studies Centre (CSC) Ltd. Tim is also a Fellow of the Australian Institute of Management WA, and a life member of the Small Enterprise Association of Australia and New Zealand (SEAANZ). He has over 20 years of experience of working with small entrepreneurial firms as well as large corporations and government agencies. He is the author of several books on entrepreneurship, small business management and innovation. He holds a PhD in Management and an MBA with distinction from Curtin University of Technology, and a Bachelor of Arts with Honours from Murdoch University, Western Australia.